

## ITINERARY

**RIO NEGRO PARADISE: MANAUS, BRAZIL**

September 5 - 20, 2025



*The Guianan Cock-of-the-Rock is one of the special birds we'll watch for in the forests near Manaus. We'll visit a lek where we hope to see the spectacular males in display. Photograph by participant Linda Rudolph.*

We include here information for those interested the 2026 Field Guides Rio Negro Paradise: Manaus, Brazil tours:

- a general introduction to the tours
- a description of the birding areas to be visited
- an abbreviated daily itinerary with some indication of the nature of each day's birding outings

*These additional materials will be made available to those who register for the tour:*

- an annotated list of the birds recorded on a previous year's Field Guides trip to the area, with comments by guide(s) on notable species or sightings (may be downloaded from our web site)
- a detailed information bulletin with important logistical information and answers to questions regarding accommodations, air arrangements, clothing, currency, customs and immigration, documents, health precautions, and personal items
- a Field Guides checklist for preparing for and keeping track of the birds we see on the tour
- after the conclusion of the tour, a list of birds seen on the tour

The Rio Negro is the crown jewel of Amazonia. Born in the ancient sands of the Guianan Shield, her dark waters course over foaming rapids and through vast island archipelagos to meet the Amazon at Manaus. Second only to the Amazon in volume of water, the Negro drains a huge portion of the northern Amazon Basin. For birds, it is a wonderful place to live. For birders, it is a wonderful place to bird! So get out your map of the Amazon and start planning to spend a couple of weeks birding some of the world's most amazing forests.

The city of Manaus, gateway to one of the greatest avifaunas on Earth, is a place every birder who's ever dreamed of birding the Amazon has got to visit. Our tour of the Rio Negro begins near Manaus with four days in a variety of climax Amazonian rainforest habitats. We'll do some serious nightbirding here as we go for White-winged, Long-tailed, and Rufous potoos on forest trails. By day we'll be dealing with mixed-species flocks in both the understory and canopy, and

searching for raiding swarms of army ants between visits to display areas of such world-class cotingas as Guianan Cock-of-the-rock, Capuchinbird, and possibly also Guianan Red-Cotinga. We will have the privilege of birding from the INPA research tower north of Manaus at the beginning of the trip (and on another INPA tower close to town at end of the tour)!

Then it's back to Manaus to take the bridge across the Rio Negro to the west side, where we'll have two days to bird a variety of habitats ranging from Mauritia Palm swamps to tall, undisturbed rainforest and seasonally flooded blackwater woodland, where we hope to find Point-tailed Palmcreeper, Fiery Topaz, Chestnut-headed Nunlet, and perhaps even Nocturnal Curassow. At the old Amazonian town of Manacapuru, we'll board our private boat to bird the lower Rio Solimões, that section of the Amazon west of the meeting of the waters with the Negro (an amazing spot to see!) followed by several days in the singularly beautiful Anavilhanas Archipelago, now Anavilhanas National Park, and remote and unspoiled Jau National Park, eastern section of the second-largest conservation area in the world and home to numerous special birds, such as Tawny-tufted Toucanet, Pavonine Quetzal, Bar-bellied Woodcreeper, Chestnut-crested Antbird, and Reddish-winged Bare-eye. Our boat is nigh-on luxurious, featuring air-conditioned cabins with private bathrooms and great meals any time we want them. The open-air top deck is a great spot for an icy *caipirinha*, the national drink of Brazil. Life is grand out on these rivers; there's nothing to do but bird, eat, and sleep!

But can we really do the Manaus area full justice in just a couple of weeks? The answer is "No." We are learning that it could take a lifetime to sleuth out her many avian secrets. And we won't even take time to cross the Amazon; that would entail simply too much (so we'll leave southern Amazonia for separate tours at Alta Floresta, the Rio Roosevelt, and our Great Rivers of the Amazon boat-based tours!). Join us and discover why we feel that the Rio Negro is paradise in the Amazon.



*We'll look for night-birds such as the Rufous Potoo. These small potoos can be very difficult to find, but we've seen them well on this tour. Photograph by participant Linda Rudolph.*

*We want to be sure you are on the right tour! Below is a description of the physical requirements of the tour. If you are concerned about the difficulty, please contact us about this and be sure to fully explain your concerns. We want to make sure you have a wonderful time with us, so if you are uncomfortable with the requirements, just let us know and we can help you find a better fitting tour! Field Guides will not charge you a change or cancellation fee if you opt out within 10 days of depositing.*

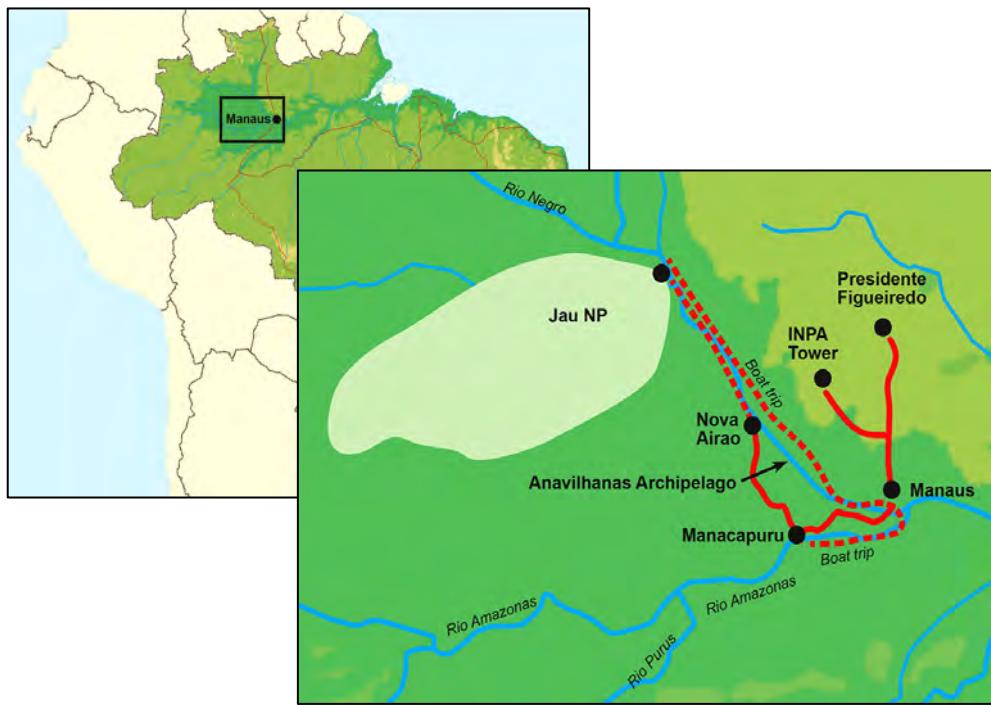
## About the Physical Requirements & Pace:

- **TRAILS & WALKING:** Trails are mostly level, but some may be freshly cut through rainforest foliage—meaning there will be stumps, root masses, fallen trunks and other obstacles to pass. We'll be going up to a mile one-way on trails like this on many days of the tour. There may be small streams to wade through, or cross on log bridges. We'll have to climb steep banks to reach trails on terra firma terraces; there will be steps cut into the banks, but they will be steep. A few trails are more hilly, with some steep places.
- **POTENTIAL CHALLENGES:** We'll spend time standing and waiting for birds to come in; this can be tiring, especially in the heat and humidity. We will spend two mornings atop forest canopy observation towers that require climbing up steps to reach the platforms at about 140 feet. There are handrails all along the way, and it's easy to stop to catch your breath now and then (and it often the case that one or more tour participants decide not to make the climb to the top of the towers, perhaps not going up even a short distance – all of which is fine). We'll take motorized canoes from the riverboat to explore some of the islands and side channels; you'll need to be able to get in and out of the canoe, and, during the first several days of the tour, in and out of the tour van, which may require reasonable leg strength. **Somewhat similarly, participants should be prepared for at least a small amount of fairly difficult walking in deep, goopy mud on river islands, on the first full day we are on the boat.** Your guides will steer the group into the best and safest areas for walking.
- **PACE:** We will start before dawn, ahead of the heat of the day. Some evenings we will have optional night-birding sessions after dinner. Many days we will have afternoon breaks before an afternoon birding session.
- **ELEVATION:** Elevations are low on this tour.
- **WEATHER:** The climate in Amazonia is warm and humid, with mid-day temperatures usually in the low 90s F and a high relative humidity. Evenings are about 75 F. Rain is always a possibility.
- **VEHICLE SEATING:** So that each participant has equal opportunity during our travel, we employ a seat rotation system on all tours. Participants will need to be flexible enough to maneuver to the back of the vehicle on occasion. Those who experience motion sickness will need to bring adequate medication for the duration of the tour, as we are not able to reserve forward seats for medical conditions.
- **BATHROOM BREAKS:** Whenever possible, we use modern, indoor restrooms, but on occasion, participants must be prepared to make a comfort stop in nature.
- **OPTING OUT:** Where we are staying multiple days in the same lodging, participants can easily opt to sit out a day or sometimes a half-day. This will not be possible on days when we are changing locations.

If you are uncertain about whether this tour is a good match for your abilities, please don't hesitate to contact our office; if they cannot directly answer your queries, they will put you in touch with one of the guides for the tour.



*We'll use motorized canoes to get out to the islands and to explore small channels where our large boat cannot go.*  
*Photograph by participant Linda Rudolph.*



## About the Birding Areas

**Terra firme forest**—The north bank of the Amazon in the Manaus area (east of the Rio Negro) still holds vast areas of uncut primary *terra firme* (never flooded) forest. Near the city, much of this lies on a white sand soil, while further out the clay soils and forest are more typical of that reaching to southern Venezuela and the Guianas. Near Manaus and around the little town of Presidente Figueiredo (about 1.5 hours north), forest trails permit many productive hours of birding. Species regularly occurring here and in neighboring habitats include Red-and-green and Blue-and-yellow macaws, Caica Parrot, Crimson Topaz, Chapman's Swift, Green Aracari, Guianan Toucanet, Bronzy Jacamar, Red-billed Woodcreeper, Curve-billed Scythebill, Golden-collared Woodpecker, Spot-backed Antwren, Olive-green Tyrannulet, Glossy-backed Becard, Pompadour Cotinga, Guianan Red-Cotinga, the incredible Capuchinbird, Wing-banded Wren, Guianan Gnatcatcher, Slaty-capped Shrike-Vireo, and a variety of tanagers including Blue-backed and Dotted (both among the rarely seen species). Army ant swarms may yield Rufous-throated Antbird and the spectacular White-plumed Antbird.

Another important *terra firme* habitat, characterized by a dense growth of trees (often bushy in aspect and around twenty feet tall), grasses, and terrestrial bromeliads on poorly drained sand, is called *campina*. The particular *campinas* we will visit are home to the Northern Slaty-Antshrike, Saffron-crested Tyrant-Manakin, and Pelzeln's Tody-Tyrant (the last recently rediscovered following a hiatus in records of 161 years or, in other words, since the little critter was first discovered!).

**Chavascal** is a forest habitat flooded for most of the year and characterized by dense growth of thin-trunked trees of more-or-less uniform canopy height ranging from about fifteen to twenty-five feet. Many of the trees have narrow crowns and the canopy has few openings relative to taller forests. It borders only along blackwater rivers and is sort of a subdivision of *igapo*, or permanently flooded blackwater forest. Not surprisingly, *chavascal* differs from the *terra firme* and tall *varzea* (seasonally flooded forest on whitewater river floodplains) forest not only in its community of plants, but also in its bird composition. We'll take full advantage of our boat to sample this important Amazonian habitat, mostly on the west side of the Negro, where specialties include Lafresnaye's Piculet, Cherrie's Antwren, Yellow-crowned Manakin, an undescribed species in the Zimmer's Tody-Tyrant complex, and Brown-headed Greenlet, among many other birds. We'll see lots of *chavascal* at Jau National Park.

**Anavilhanas Archipelago**—A short distance up the Rio Negro from Manaus lies the Anavilhanas Archipelago, the largest river-island archipelago in the world. The archipelago is uninhabited and accessible only by water; it is completely covered with undisturbed seasonally flooded forest and home to many birds of note, among them Crestless Curassow (fairly easy to hear, very hard to see), both species of Band-tailed Nighthawks, Festive Parrot, Streak-throated Hermit,

Green-tailed Jacamar, Cream-colored Woodpecker, Long-billed and Zimmer's woodcreepers, Speckled Spinetail, Blackish-gray Antshrike, Klages' and Leaden antwrens, Ash-breasted Antbird, Black-chinned Antbird, Wire-tailed Manakin, and Varzea Schiffornis. Other rarities we'll have a shot for include Agami and Zigzag herons and there is a pair of Crested Eagles that shows up every now and then. In contrast to whitewater river islands, those of the Anavilhanas are relatively stable and change little in configuration from year to year.

**Solimões/Amazonas River islands**—River islands in the whitewater Rio Solimões are highly dynamic landforms. At the upstream end of the islands, material is constantly being eroded, the flow of the river eating away at the substrate under what is often tall and mature forest that has stood on larger islands for decades. The downstream end of the islands, by contrast, has a marked progression of successional plant stages, from last year's silty tip with its emerging grass and shrubbery to progressively older, mixed stands of cane grass, Cecropias, morning-glory tangles, and other fast-growing vegetation farther back. This early successional plant community harbors a specialized avifauna. Birds unlikely to be found elsewhere on our trip include Ladder-tailed Nightjar, Short-tailed Parrot, Green-throated Mango, Olive-spotted Hummingbird, Scaled, Parker's, White-bellied, and Red-and-white spinetails, Castelnau's Antshrike, Black-and-white Antbird (diminutive and beautiful), River Tyrannulet, Riverside Tyrant, Orange-headed Tanager, and Oriole Blackbird to mention just a few—the islands are very birdy!



*Chestnut-headed Nunlet has a very small range in the seasonally flooded forests near Manaus. We've had good luck in seeing this bird on recent tours. Photograph by guide Bret Whitney.*

## Itinerary for Rio Negro Paradise: Manaus, Brazil

**Day 1, Sat, 5 Sep. Arrival in Manaus.** Most flights through Panama City or Brazil currently arrive very late on Day 1 or very early on Day 2. Our office can assist with pre-tour arrangements, if you wish to arrive earlier. We'll get together for dinner at our hotel with those that arrive early enough to join, and go over general plans for the tour. Night in Manaus.

**Day 2, Sun, 6 Sep. *Terra Firme* forest birding.** Manaus, at the confluence of the Amazon and Negro rivers, is the capital of the huge state of Amazonas and has a growing population that already exceeds two million. The city has spread inland dramatically in the past twenty years. Nonetheless, extensive forest remains near town, and we'll get an action-packed introduction to *terra firme* birding at the Adolfo Ducke Forest Reserve early this morning. After lunch and some rest, we'll either return to Ducke, or perhaps bird a partially forested area north of the city where we may see a fine variety of birds around fruiting trees. Night in Manaus.

**Day 3, Mon, 7 Sep. Manaus to Presidente Figueiredo.** We'll get away from Manaus super-early this morning for the nearly two-hour drive to the famed INPA (National Amazonian Research Institute) tower. This is a very sturdy, iron tower 42 meters tall and wide enough for all of us to move around. Arrival early at the tower gives us the best chance for good canopy birding action, with dozens of species possible! We'll be up there for about three hours, so you may wish to bring a small stool for sitting. Late morning, we'll continue to the little town of Presidente Figueiredo, another 60 or so kilometers north of Manaus; we'll be there in time for lunch.

This afternoon is special. After a fabulous lunch spread and a little time off, we'll head straight to a lek of Guianan Cock-of-the-Rock. Words cannot describe this bird—it has to be seen to be believed, so that's exactly what we'll do! If we're real lucky, we'll come away with good views of the little-known Pelzeln's Tody-Tyrant as well—from the exquisite to the obscure, all fascinating birds! Night in Presidente Figueiredo.



*Near Presidente Figueiredo, we'll concentrate on birding trails through the woodlands where we might find the wonderful Musician Wren. Photograph by participant Roger Holmberg.*

**Days 4-5, Tue-Wed, 8-9 Sep. Presidente Figueiredo: waterfalls and *campinas*.** We'll have two more days to bird a variety of habitats and trails in the beautiful Presidente Figueiredo region. This area is quite different from Manaus, being on a vast scarp of sandstone and limestone, replete with exceptionally clean "blackwater" (see below) streams. One important habitat is white-sand *campina* woodland where we'll search of the gorgeous Crimson Topaz, White-fringed Antwren, the rarely seen Pale-bellied Mourner, Rufous-crowned Elaenia, and Black Manakin. We usually see two or three species of macaws in the Presidente Figueiredo region, so keep and eye (and ear!) to the skies. We will also access forest interiors on several well-worn trails that lead to some of the dozens of beautiful waterfalls, watching for mixed-species flocks in the understory and canopy, and also for army ant swarms. These days will see us on the trail all morning and again late in the afternoon, with some siesta time after lunch. Our hotel features air-conditioned cabins set above a beautiful, blackwater stream that is excellent for a cooling dip on hot afternoons. Many of the birding trails are level and well-traveled, but some are hilly and narrow, and we will also bird along wider roadways in good habitat. We'll be on foot most of the time we're here, sifting through flocks, digging out leaffossers and gnatcatchers, staking out antswarms, and, we hope, enjoying views of the bizarre Capuchinbird. Just a few of the specialties here include Marail Guan, Gray-winged Trumpeter, Red-billed Woodcreeper, Guianan Puffbird, Curve-billed Scythebill, Ferruginous-backed Antbird, Rufous-bellied Antwren, Brown-bellied Stipplethroat, Cinnamon-crested Spadebill, White-fronted and White-throated manakins, Tiny Tyrant-Manakin, and with great luck, the rarely seen Cinnamon Manakin-Tyrant. Both Musician and Wing-banded wrens could perform for us as well.

One goal of our nightbirding efforts will be finding White-winged, Rufous, and Long-tailed potoos. OK, make that three goals. Nights at Presidente Figueiredo.

**Day 6, Thu, 10 Sep. Morning in Presidente Figueiredo and transfer across the Rio Negro to Manacapuru.** After a final early morning around Presidente Figueiredo and an early lunch, we'll head toward Manaus with an important stop at another *campina* in search of Yellow-crowned Manakin, Saffron-crested Tyrant-Manakin, and Northern Slaty-Antshrike. After lunch, we'll cross the Rio Negro bridge and start birding on the right (west) bank of the river. The first stop will be at the little town of Manacapuru (indigenous word for "Little Princess of the Solimões river"). Our hotel is in a very nice forest area, and we should have a little time to do some birding on the trails later in the afternoon to look for White-cheasted Puffbird, Blue-crowned Manakin, Yellow-browed Antbird, and maybe even Black-necked Red-Cotinga. Then, if the weather looks good after dinner, we'll make our first attempt for the rarely seen Nocturnal Curassow, which Bret recently documented to occur in this area. Night near Manacapuru.



*The Fiery Topaz is a spectacular hummingbird of the lowland Amazonian forests. We'll look for this beauty near Manacapuru. Photograph by guide Bret Whitney.*

**Day 7, Fri, 11 Sep. Manacapuru.** Early in the morning will be the perfect time to look for another fantastic bird, Fiery Topaz, near our cabins. The birds usually do some feeding on tiny insects over the flowing blackwater stream for a few minutes before they start visiting flowers in the forest, and we'll be there waiting for them, of course!! We will also bird a section of the extensive *Mauritia flexuosa* palm swamp on the lodge grounds, in search of Point-tailed Palmcreeper, Red-bellied Macaw, Fork-tailed Palm Swift, and Sulphury Flycatcher. We'll move to interior forest trails for the balance of the morning, looking for understory flocks with birds like Rio Negro Stipplethroat, Spot-throated and Ocellated woodcreepers, and also army ant swarms with both White-plumed and White-cheeked antbirds, and White-chinned, Plain-brown, and the rarely seen Bar-bellied woodcreepers. We'll be back to the lodge for lunch and a siesta. This evening, after dinner, we'll walk back into the forest for another shot at Nocturnal Curassow, if necessary, and any other nightbirds that might show up. Night near Manacapuru.

**Day 8, Sat, 12 Sep. Manacapuru and on to Dorinha!** Have you ever heard of Chestnut-headed Nunlet? Chances are the answer is "No". This is a subtly beautiful little puffbird known from only a handful of specimens and recent sightings, including our great views of a pair of them on our 2023 tour. This morning, we'll take a speed-launch out of Manacapuru to return to the territory that was so productive for us last year, fingers crossed for a repeat performance from this poorly known species! Depending on water levels, we may be able to get our boat all the way up to the bird's territory, or we may have to stop well short of that, and get out to walk for a half-hour or so, bush-whacking (no trail) through deep leaf-litter, stepping over fallen logs and around vine tangles, etc. none of which is particularly difficult for people in reasonably good shape. Also in this area, we may see Amazonian Streaked Antwren, Black-chinned Antbird, and a variety of woodcreepers. We'll plan to be back to Manacapuru by late morning, to go aboard *Dorinha*, our beautiful Amazon river boat (*Doh-REEN-ya* means "little Dora" who is the mother of the family in Manaus that owns the boats we use for Field Guides tours). After a cold drink and settling into our cabins, we'll gather in the dining room for lunch. As we head out of town into the wilds of the Rio Solimões (the Brazilian name for the Amazon River before its confluence with the Rio Negro), we'll meet the captain and crew of *Dorinha*, go over safety protocols, workings of the ship (AC, bar and meals, laundry, etc.). Night aboard *Dorinha*.



*Castelnau's Antshrike* is found on floodplains of the Amazon and its larger tributaries. These birds prefer successional habitats such as those found on the islands we'll visit. Photograph by guide Dan Lane..

**Day 9, Sun, 13 Sep. Birding the “whitewater” river islands and the Meeting of the Waters.** This morning will be all about the “whitewater” avifauna, and species new to our list will be popping up on all sides! The Rio Solimões is “whitewater,” meaning that it is laden with fine silt, and the vegetation is quite different from that we will see on upcoming days on the islands of the Anavilhanas. There is a large suite of “island endemics” to be sought on the Solimões and its major whitewater tributaries, such as Varzea Piculet (difficult this far west), Olive-spotted Hummingbird, Green-throated Mango, Castelnau’s Antshrike, Black-and-white Antbird, Lesser Hornero, Dark-breasted, Pale-breasted, White-bellied, Yellow-chinned, Red-and-white, and Parker’s spinetails (not all strictly endemic but whew, that’s a prickly lot of spinetails to absorb!), Brownish Elaenia, Riverside Tyrant, River Tyrannulet, and Pearly-breasted and Bicolored conebills. Short-tailed Parrots and Tui Parakeets will be everywhere, with good numbers of White-winged Parakeets and Chestnut-fronted Macaws around as well. Some years there are hundreds or thousands of Purple Martins in the skies here, having recently arrived on migration from North America.

There is likely to be some muddy walking at our various landing points along the Solimões, so rubber boots are a good (ahem, excellent) idea. Don’t worry about tracking mud on the boat—the crew will happily clean our boots every time we come aboard. This afternoon we’ll pass by the “Meeting of the Waters,” where the Rio Negro flows into the Amazonas—with Manaus off in the background. The different temperatures and densities of the two rivers cause them to run in parallel for many miles before gradually mixing far downriver.

One of the greatest rivers on Earth, the Negro, as the name implies, is “blackwater,” which refers to the clear, dark appearance of the water. Blackwater carries virtually no silt, since its drainage is almost entirely through sand, which adds no suspended particles and filters the tea-colored tannins from vegetation decaying on the ground. The water is therefore much more acidic than whitewater, and there are relatively many fewer biting insects on blackwater rivers (although there can be pesky deer flies in the forest, and sometimes simuliid blackflies around sandy beaches). Depending on water levels and our progress upriver, we may offer our first post-dinner nightlighting excursion from the canoes. Tonight will be one of those long, rejuvenating nights of sleep! Night aboard *Dorinha*.

**Day 10, Mon, 14 Sep. Anavilhanas NP and transfer to Jaú NP.** We’ll have dropped anchor sometime in the night, just off one of the myriad islands in the middle Anavilhanas Archipelago. This puts us in position for this morning’s dawn chorus of antbirds and other species we’ll seek, foremost among them Blackish-gray and Black-crested antshrikes, Klages’ and Leaden antwrens, Ash-breasted and Black-chinned antbirds, Zimmer’s Woodcreeper, Speckled and Rusty-backed spinetails, and Wire-tailed Manakin. We also expect Festive Parrot, Green-tailed Jacamar, Cream-colored and

perhaps Ringed woodpeckers, Streak-throated Hermit, and Snethlage's Tody-Tyrant. Crestless Curassow is a rare possibility (much more likely heard than seen, but we'll certainly try to be lucky). All five species of kingfishers are around the Anavilhanas and over the next few days, at Jaú National Park. After repositioning during our midday siesta, we'll bird in a different part of the archipelago, watching especially for Amazonian Umbrellabird. There are usually lots of both species of river dolphins (Tucuxi [Gray] and Amazon [Pink]) in this area. Band-tailed Nighthawks, of two different species, will be around us dawn and dusk, and we've had pretty good luck finding a pair of Spectacled Owls in this area, as well. Night aboard *Dorinha*.



Among the “ant things” we’ll watch for is the lovely Pearly Antshrike. We saw this bird well in Jaú National Park in 2023.  
Photograph by guide Bret Whitney.

**Days 11-13, Tue-Thu, 15-17 Sep. Jaú NP and transfer to Novo Airão.** Depending on water levels in the Negro, we may or may not have reached Jaú by dawn on Friday, but we will most likely find ourselves enjoying breakfast on the top deck as the sun rises over the entrance to Jaú National Park. This is a remote and seldom-visited park forming the eastern portion of the second-largest conservation unit in the world (the first is also in Brazil). We will have ample time to bird both *chavascal* woodland, the habitat for Cherrie's Antwren, an undescribed species related to Pelzeln's/Zimmer's Tody-Tyrant, Yellow-crowned Manakin, Brown-headed Greenlet, and Plumbeous Euphonia among others — and also tall *terra firme* forest in search of several Rio Negro specialties, including Pavonine Quetzal, Brown-banded Puffbird, Pearly Antshrike, Cinnamon Manakin-Tyrant, and the seldom-seen Chestnut-crested Antbird and Reddish-winged Bare-eye. There are lots of other species to seek and, with great luck we may encounter Tawny-tufted Toucanet as well as the strange, stub-tailed Golden-backed (Black) Uakari, a rarely seen primate endemic to the middle-upper Negro basin. We will also do some important nightbirding during our couple of nights in Jaú, going especially for Rufous and White-winged potoos, should one or both have eluded us up to now.

On the morning of Day 13, we will work on finding any especially important birds that may have escaped us so far, which certainly could include an army ant swarm. Then, we will depart Jaú to descend the Negro to the old, ship-building town of Novo Airão, on the west bank of the Rio Negro above Manaus. Nights aboard *Dorinha*.

**Day 14, Fri, 18 Sep. Novo Airão *terra firme* and Amazon River Dolphins.** This morning will provide us an excellent opportunity to work *terra firme* forest, where many of the Jaú species may be found, including Black-necked Red-Cotinga and Wing-banded Wren (in case we didn't connect with them earlier), and to search for understory and canopy mixed-species flocks along some wide, fairly level roadways through forest near Novo Airão. Later on, we'll visit a floating

platform where several Amazon River Dolphins have become accustomed to feedings by local people during specific hours. This initiative has proven to be valuable in educating the public about the importance of protecting the dolphins, and today the dolphins are doing quite well, especially in the Anavilhanas region. Also on the docket will be a call at the front door of a family of Spix's Night-Monkeys, where they have lived for several years now – it's a wonderful sight!

We'll be back to *Dorinha* for lunch, then say our good-byes to the crew. Our bus will have come over from Manaus to meet us, and we'll make the roughly 3.5 hour transfer back to our hotel near the airport. Night in Manaus.

**Day 15, Sat, 19 Sep. MUSA tower and afternoon or evening flights to Miami.** We'll start early with a visit to the INPA (MUSA = Museum of the Amazon) tower for a final, exciting morning of birding, then return to the hotel for lunch. The afternoon is free to visit the beautiful Manaus Opera House and perhaps do some shopping downtown. We'll likely enjoy our last *caipirinhas* and dinner, and then get to the airport for late departing flights.

**Day 16, Sun, 20 Sep. Arrival in the States with connections home.** *Que tenham uma ótima viagem!*

## About Your Guides

**Bret Whitney** must be *at least* half Brazilian by now. It all began when he was born, birding in the wild Midwest, mostly in Indiana, where he was narrowly overlooked by his high school baseball team but did, in fact, graduate from Earlham College. He is known for his ability to identify birds by their calls and songs, which has led to his stumbling onto multiple species new to science. Bret is one of the founders of Field Guides, a Research Associate of the Museum of Natural Science at Louisiana State University, an Associate of the Laboratory of Ornithology at Cornell, 2004 recipient of the ABA's Ludlow Griscom award, and an eternal optimist about everything except Ivory-billed Woodpeckers. Bret guides most of our Brazil tours and, with Brazilian colleagues, he is supposed to be producing a series of regional field guides to the birds of Brazil. When not on tour, "the Kite" attempts to stay in shape with irregular bike rides, by leaning over pool tables, and by hefting kegs of Live Oak Pilsner and dumping 35-lb sacks of spicy crawfish, corn and potatoes onto old doors covered with newspapers so his family and friends can pig out at his crawfish boils.

*"Bret Whitney is a superb guide who knows the birds at a level I have not experienced in any other tour. His scientific expertise was a huge plus for serious birders." P.P., Brazil's Rio Roosevelt.*

**Marcelo Barreiros** is a native of Sao Paulo, Brazil, who became fascinated with birds when he entered college in 2005, graduating with a degree in biology in 2009. He then moved to Manaus to work with conservation of Harpy Eagles and other large forest raptors, monitoring nests in both the Amazon and the Atlantic Forest regions. Today, Marcelo's depth of expertise in finding and identifying even the rarest species in has earned him an outstanding reputation among the leading fieldsmen in Amazonia and, increasingly, all of Brazil. He and his wife have recently (2015) moved back to Sao Paulo to be closer to family and the wonderful beaches and Atlantic Forest. Marcelo is a friendly, generous guide with an even temperament and ready laugh, who truly enjoys showing birds to tour participants. His English is good and improving with study and increased experience with foreign birders.

*Marcelo Barreiros is a natural trip leader. Aside from his mastery of the birds and environment, he projects a warm and humble confidence as well as a great sense of humor and even playfulness, which I appreciated enormously. W. M.; Rio Negro Paradise: Manaus*

Visit <https://fieldguides.com/our-staff/> for complete tour schedules for Marcelo and Bret; just click on a photo.

## Financial Information

**FEE:** \$8,925 from Manaus

**SINGLE SUPPLEMENT (Optional):** \$550 (singles aboard the boat cannot be guaranteed but will very likely be available)

**DEPOSIT:** \$900 per person

**FINAL PAYMENT DUE:** March 9, 2026

**LIMIT:** 10

## Other Things You Need to Know

**TOUR MANAGER:** The manager for this tour is Ruth Kuhl. Ruth will be happy to assist you in preparing for the tour. If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to call her!

**ACCOMMODATIONS:** In Manaus, we will stay in a nice modern hotel. Our hotel in Presidente Figueiredo is basic but very comfortable. The main dining area is a short walk from our cabins, so participants should be able to manage a few flights of wide, sturdy stairs at each mealtime. Our riverboat (eight nights) is high-on luxurious, featuring private (two bunks), air-conditioned cabins with private bathrooms and great meals any time we want them.

**DOCUMENTS:** Be sure to verify the latest entry requirements for each country you will visit or transit.

**Passport:** A current passport is required for international travel. It should be in good condition, valid for at least 6 months beyond your return date, and have at least one blank page for each country on your itinerary.

**Visa:** U.S. and Canadian citizens must obtain **an e-Visa** to enter Brazil. We will provide detailed instructions once the tour is confirmed. Citizens of other countries should check with the consulates of each destination for current entry requirements.

**VACCINATIONS:** Yellow Fever is widespread in many parts of Brazil, and vaccination is recommended. Please check <http://www.cdc.gov/travel/contentYellowFeverBrazil.aspx> for the current CDC information and consult with your physician about whether the vaccine is appropriate for you (there are contraindications for some individuals).

**AIR ARRANGEMENTS:** This tour begins and ends in Manaus, Brazil (Eduardo Gomes International Airport, MAO).

**Arrival:** Manaus **by the evening of September 5.**

**Departure:** Manaus **in the evening of September 19 or at anytime on September 20.**

Please wait to purchase airline tickets until we notify you that the tour is confirmed to operate. At that time, we'll be glad to assist with your flight arrangements at no service fee.

**SMOKING:** Almost all of our clients prefer a smoke-free environment. If you smoke, please be sensitive to the group and refrain from smoking at meals, in vehicles, and in proximity to the group on trails and elsewhere.

**TOUR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS: The tour fee is \$8,925 for one person in double occupancy from Manaus.**

It includes all lodging from Day 1 through Day 15, all meals from dinner on Day 1 through dinner on Day 15, all ground transportation, entrance fees, and the guide services of the tour leader(s). Tipping at group meals and for drivers, porters, and local guides is included in your tour fee and will be handled for the group by your Field Guides leader(s). However, if you would like to recognize your Field Guides leader(s) or any local guide(s) for exceptional service, it is entirely appropriate to tip. We emphasize that such tips are optional and not expected.

**The above fee does not include** your airfare to and from Manaus, airport taxes, visa fees, any checked or carry-on baggage charges imposed by the airlines, any alcoholic beverages, optional tips to local drivers, phone calls, laundry, or other items of a personal nature.

**The single supplement is \$550 for those requesting a single room; singles on the boat cannot be guaranteed.**

If you do not have a roommate but wish to share, we will try to pair you with a roommate from the tour; but if none is available, you will be billed for the single supplement. Our tour fees are based on double occupancy; one-half the cost of a double room is priced into the tour fee. The single supplement is calculated by taking the actual cost of a single room and subtracting one-half the cost of a double room (plus any applicable taxes).

**TOUR REGISTRATION:** To register for this tour, please contact us at [fieldguides.com/contact-us/](http://fieldguides.com/contact-us/). Our office will be in touch with you by email by the next business day (Mon-Fri) with instructions on how to complete our electronic registration form and medical questionnaire (we are no longer accepting the paper version).

**Please send your deposit of \$900 per person**, see <https://fieldguides.com/payment-options/> for our Payment Options. **Full payment of the tour fee is due 180 days prior to departure, or by March 9, 2026.** We will bill you for the final payment at either 180 days or when the tour has reached sufficient subscription to operate, whichever date comes later. Since the cost of your trip insurance and airline tickets is generally non-refundable, please do not finalize these purchases until you have received final billing for the tour or have been advised that the tour is sufficiently subscribed to operate by your tour manager.

**CANCELLATION POLICY:** Refund of deposit and full payment, less \$100 handling fee, will be made if cancellation is received up to 180 days before departure. If cancellation occurs between 179 and 90 days before the departure date, 50% of the full tour fee is non-refundable, which would include the full deposit if the final payment has not yet been paid. Thereafter, all deposits and payments are not refundable and non-transferable.

Our cancellation policy only applies to payments made to Field Guides for tour (and any services included in those fees). Airline tickets not included in the tour fee and purchased separately often carry penalties for cancellation or change, or are sometimes totally non-refundable. Additionally, if you take out trip insurance the cost of that insurance is not refundable, so it is best to purchase the policy just prior to making full payment for the tour or at the time you purchase airline tickets, depending upon the airline's restrictions.

The right is reserved to cancel any tour prior to departure. In most such cases, full refund will constitute full settlement to the passenger. Note this exception, however: If you have been advised pre-tour that there is a non-refundable portion of your tour fee no matter the reason for Field Guides cancellation of the tour, that portion will not be refunded. The right is reserved to substitute in case of emergency another guide for the original one.

**TRIP CANCELLATION & MEDICAL EMERGENCY INSURANCE:** We strongly recommend purchasing trip cancellation (including medical emergency) insurance to protect your investment in case of injury or illness to you or an immediate family member before or during a trip. Because we must remit early and substantial deposits to our suppliers, we cannot offer refunds for cancellations outside of our Cancellation Policy. If a participant is unable to join or continue a tour due to illness, all related expenses will be their responsibility, and no refunds can be issued for missed days. Please wait to purchase insurance until we notify you that the tour is confirmed to operate, as most policies are non-refundable.

For full details, visit our Trip Cancellation Insurance page at <https://fieldguides.com/trip-cancellation-insurance/>.

**RESPONSIBILITY:** For and in consideration of the opportunity to participate in the tour, each tour participant and each parent or legal guardian of a tour participant who is under 18 agrees to release, indemnify, and hold harmless Field Guides Incorporated, its agents, servants, employees, shareholders, officers, directors, attorneys, and contractors as more fully set forth in the Release and Indemnity Agreement on the registration form. Field Guides Incorporated acts only as an agent for the passenger in regard to travel, whether by railroad, motorcar, motorcoach, boat, airplane, or other means, and assumes no liability for injury, damage, loss, accident, delay, or irregularity caused by defect in such vehicles or for any reason whatsoever, including the acts, defaults, or bankruptcies of any company or person engaged in conveying the passenger or in carrying out the arrangements of the tour. You acknowledge and agree that Field Guides Incorporated is not responsible for losses or additional expenses due to delay or changes in air or other services, sickness, weather, strike, war, quarantine, or other causes. The tour participant shall bear all such losses and expenses. Field Guides Incorporated reserves the right to substitute hotels of similar category for those indicated and to make any changes in the itinerary where deemed necessary or caused by changes in air schedules. Field Guides Incorporated reserves the right to decline to accept or to retain any person as a member of any tour. Baggage is at owner's risk entirely.

Participants should be in good health and should consult a physician before undertaking a tour. If you have questions about the physical requirements of a tour, please contact our office for further information. Participants should prepare for the tour by reading the detailed itinerary, the information bulletin, and other pertinent matter provided by Field Guides. Each participant is responsible for bringing appropriate clothing and equipment as recommended in our bulletins.

THE RECEIPT OF YOUR TOUR DEPOSIT SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE CONSENT TO THE ABOVE CONDITIONS. EACH TOUR PARTICIPANT AND EACH PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN OF A TOUR PARTICIPANT WHO IS UNDER 18 SHALL SIGN AND DELIVER THE RELEASE AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT AT THE TIME OF REGISTRATION.

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