

ITINERARY
NEW GUINEA & AUSTRALIA II
October 8-26, 2017



A male Ribbon-tailed Astrapia forages on a Schefflera near Kumul Lodge in Papua New Guinea. The males have extremely long tail feathers that drape over nearby vegetation; the tail of this individual is only partially visible. We will see these, plus a possible 13 additional birds-of-paradise in New Guinea. Photograph by guide Doug Gochfeld.

We include here information for those interested in the 2017 Field Guides New Guinea & Australia tour:

- a general introduction to the tour
- a description of the birding areas to be visited on the tour
- an abbreviated daily itinerary with some indication of the nature of each day's birding outings

Those who register for the tour will be sent this additional material:

- an annotated list of the birds recorded on a previous year's Field Guides trip to the area, with comments by guide(s) on notable species or sightings (may be downloaded from our web site)
- a detailed information bulletin with important logistical information and answers to questions regarding accommodations, air arrangements, clothing, currency, customs and immigration, documents, health precautions, and personal items
- a reference list
- a Field Guides checklist for preparing for and keeping track of the birds we see on the tour
- after the conclusion of the tour, a list of birds seen on the tour

If you think you may have only one chance to visit Australasia, or if you plan to do some birding on your own in Australia but would like to join a tour for part of your trip and also have a chance to bird in New Guinea, this tour is designed for you. We'll be sampling two great birding sites in New Guinea (including Kumul Lodge with its amazing birds-of-paradise) and the best of eastern Australia (including the Cairns area and the quite diverse Atherton Tableland, O'Reilly's at Lamington National Park near Brisbane, and Royal National Park near Sydney). This tour not only offers a sample of many of the bird families endemic to the region (including lyrebirds, bowerbirds, fairywrens, berrypeckers, and more) but is also excellent for a variety of iconic Australian mammals, and there should be excellent photo and video opportunities.

We'll begin in Cairns, in tropical northern Queensland, where beautiful rainforest reserves of the coast and the Atherton Tableland harbor such fabulous natural symbols of Australia as the huge Southern Cassowary, mound-building megapodes, Australian Bustard (sometimes!), Victoria's Riflebird, Great and Golden bowerbirds, Chowchilla, possums and bandicoots, and even the wonderfully exotic Platypus. We'll also take the time to visit the city's famous Esplanade, which is not only a wonderful place for a stroll, but also one of the Australia's premier shorebird sites.

From Cairns we'll fly across the Coral Sea to Port Moresby, capital of Papua New Guinea, evolutionary showcase of the birds-of-paradise. In the Astrolabe Mountains near Port Moresby we'll visit Varirata National Park, haven for Raggiana Bird-of-paradise, Magnificent (Growling) Riflebird, the striking Brown-headed Paradise-Kingfisher, and a multitude of other birds. Then we'll continue to the highlands near Mt. Hagen and the rustic charms of Kumul Lodge, an ideal site for exploring the surrounding montane forest. In this region, we could find a variety of birds-of-paradise, including such incomparable species as King-of-Saxony, Blue, and Superb birds-of-paradise, Brown Sicklebill, and both Stephanie's and Ribbon-tailed astrapias. Other spectacular possibilities include Papuan Lorikeet, Brehm's Tiger-Parrot, Garnet and White-winged robins, the extraordinary Wattled Ploughbill, and the rare Archbold's Bowerbird. Enga Province itself, first touched by western influence only a little more than fifty years ago, is a remarkable backdrop for our birding, with many people still practicing their traditional subsistence lifestyles.

From Papua New Guinea we'll return to Australia, flying to Brisbane to visit O'Reilly's (Lamington National Park), perhaps the single most famous birding spot on the continent. Here such fantastic species as Regent and Satin bowerbirds, Australian Logrunner, Australian King-Parrot, and Crimson Rosella are easily seen at close range, and in our two days there we'll also have time to search for some more challenging ones, including Noisy Pitta, Albert's Lyrebird, Paradise Riflebird, and Australian Owlet-Nightjar. Then on to Sydney and a visit to Royal National Park—home to many birds typical of Australia's eucalypt woodlands, from cockatoos and kookaburras to Superb Lyrebird, the world's largest passerine—before returning home.



*It's always a good idea to be prepared for rain; sometimes we need to wait on muddy trails for birds to appear out of the forest.
Photograph by participant Chuck Holliday.*

About the Physical Requirements & Pace: This tour is one of highlights, designed to provide an introduction to one of the world's most fascinating regions. It also, however, takes into account the fact that this is a vacation. We will make an effort to see the vast majority of the specialties, but we'll de-emphasize some of the most difficult-to-see birds unless clear opportunities present themselves.

All visitors to New Guinea find that the birding can be difficult at times; many species favor either the canopy or dense thickets in the understory and can be frustrating. Yet persistence generally affords good views. Furthermore, while at Kumul Lodge, we'll have the assistance of local experts, which greatly facilitates locating birds-of-paradise. Birding in Australia is somewhat easier, and species are usually easier to come by.

Some of the birding will be along forest trails, which can be quite steep and narrow in places. Some trails, particularly those at Kumul, can have fallen tree limbs and trunks that need to be negotiated. Such trekking is kept to a minimum and we will take it all slowly. The lowland trails are fairly level, the highland ones more variable, and those at Kumul, Varirata,

and O'Reilly's can be muddy. Trail birding requires a great deal of patience, since the birds are often widely spaced. But with time and courtesy to other participants, it is possible to see many great birds that would otherwise go undetected.

All of the accommodations on this tour are comfortable, (though Kumul is distinctly rustic and fairly basic with remarkably thin walls), and some are truly memorable. You will find yourself talking about O'Reilly's Guesthouse for years to come.

If you are uncertain about whether this tour is a good match for your abilities, please don't hesitate to contact our office; if they cannot directly answer your queries, they will put you in touch with the guide.

About the Tour Limit: In 2017 our tour limit for NEW GUINEA & AUSTRALIA will be 9 participants. We think this will make for a better tour experience; with smaller groups on forest trails there is a greater opportunity for everyone to see the birds. So when comparing features and prices, please keep in mind the many subtle benefits of a smaller group.

About the Birding Areas



The Cairns Esplanade is an elevated walkway along the waterfront that is famous for its wintering assemblages of Palearctic migrant shorebirds. Near-high tides can push hundreds of birds in close for good viewing, including Pied Stilt, Pacific Golden-Plover, Greater and Lesser sand-plovers, Red-capped Dotterel, Far Eastern Curlew, Black-tailed and Bar-tailed godwits, Common and Terek sandpipers, Common Greenshank, Gray-tailed Tattler, Great Knot, Red-necked Stint, and Sharp-tailed, Curlew, and perhaps the rare Broad-billed sandpipers. The marshy waterfront also supports small populations of Royal Spoonbill, Australian Ibis, and Australian Pelicans. We'll try to work in a visit to the Esplanade when the tide is right; at low tide, the birds are but specks in the distance.

Black Mountain Road is one of the best birding spots in far north Queensland, and Cassowary House is perhaps the best place in the world to see wild cassowaries. The small family-run guesthouse is sited right in the forest and has Victoria's Riflebirds displaying on the grounds and Spotted Catbird by the veranda. Macleay's, Yellow-spotted, and Graceful honeyeaters are nearby, as are Double-eyed Fig-Parrots, Superb and Rose-crowned fruit-doves, Little (Gould's) Bronze-Cuckoo, Noisy Pitta, Lovely Fairywren, and some great looking monarchs. The Musky Rat-Kangaroo, a strange and little-known denizen of the northern Queensland rainforest depths, lives in the garden here. This small macropod is one of the ancient ancestral forms of the kangaroo radiation and has some features also shared with possums.

Atherton Tableland—Two of the finest rainforest preserves on the Atherton Tableland are around Lakes Eacham and Barrine, both of which occupy long-dormant volcanic craters. Some of the specialties we'll seek here

include White-headed Pigeon, the showy Wompoo Fruit-Dove, Brown Cuckoo-Dove, Pacific Emerald Dove, Australian Brushturkey, Barred Cuckooshrike, Bower's Shrikethrush, the odd Chowchilla, several fancy flycatchers (Yellow-breasted Boatbill and Spectacled and Pied monarchs), Pale-yellow and Gray-headed robins, Noisy and Little friarbirds, Scarlet Myzomela, Lewin's Honeyeater, the strange Tooth-billed Catbird (an evolutionary link between the catbirds and bowerbirds), and the exquisite Victoria's Riflebird.

Another tableland site, "The Crater," a sheer-sided hole 200 feet wide and nearly 500 feet deep, is said to be the result of a single violent volcanic eruption many thousands of years ago. The rainforest here is rich in special birds, including the skulking, monotypic Fernwren, Atherton and Large-billed scrubwrens, Mountain Thornbill, "Little" Tree-creeper (the race *minor* of White-throated), Bridled Honeyeater, and perhaps even a fabulous male Golden Bowerbird at its enormous "double-maypole" stick bower. In the open country en route to The Crater we'll scan the grasslands for the beautiful Spotted Harrier, Chestnut-breasted Munia, and flocks of Sarus Cranes and Brolga.

During our visit we will also explore the drier parts of the Tableland. Waterholes in the region may harbor birds such as Plumed Whistling-Duck, Magpie Goose, a number of herons, Black-necked Stork, Comb-crested Jacana, and Black-fronted Dotterel among others, while a search of open grasslands and dry woodland may reveal Australian Bustard (one of the heaviest flying birds), Squatter Pigeon, Red-winged Parrot, Blue-winged Kookaburra, Brown Treecreeper, Dusky Woodswallow, Red-backed Fairywren, Gray-crowned Babbler, and Emu.

A nocturnal foray in the rainforest near Yungaburra could produce Southern Boobook, with both Barn and (Lesser) Sooty owls also possible. But the main attraction in this area is the mammals. Our spotlights are sure to reveal the presence of several fascinating creatures, some of which, like many of the Tableland's birds, are of very restricted distribution; these include Long-nosed Bandicoot, the gorgeous Striped Possum, Green and Common ringtail possums, Sugar Gliders, and possibly Lumholtz's Tree-Kangaroo (yes, a kangaroo that clammers around in rainforest trees!). We may also visit a site where you can hand feed the remarkably tame Mareeba Rock Wallabies, which was a big hit on past tours. And on one evening we will make an effort to see Platypus, easily one of the most unique mammals to be found on earth!

Port Moresby and Varirata National Park—Port Moresby lies in the rain shadow of the Owen Stanley Mountains in one of the driest parts of the country. Predominant habitats are grasslands spotted with palm-like *Pandanus* and *Eucalyptus/Melaleuca* savanna, both very similar to (and sharing birds with) the drier regions of northern Australia. However, rainfall increases inland and to the northwest, producing humid forest. In much of the region this forest type has been selectively logged, but most of the original avifauna is still present, and the birding can be very productive. Depending on flight schedules, we may well have time to bird some in the immediate Moresby area.

We will definitely have time for Varirata National Park, east of Moresby. In the low Astrolabe Mountains paralleling the Owen Stanleys, Varirata represents Papua New Guinea's first conservation area, encompassing 3265 acres (1306 hectares) of savanna and undulating, forest-covered hills. Atop the Sogeri Plateau, at elevations ranging from 2200 feet (677 m) to about 3000 feet (923 m), the rainforest is high enough to support a distinct and varied assemblage of birds. A high lookout trail and fine loop trail provide access to the forest interior, and the bird life here is rich in rare or secretive species as well as more widespread foothill birds. Species of particular interest in the park include several beautiful fruit-doves, Black-capped Lory, Brown-headed Paradise-Kingfisher, Rufous-bellied Kookaburra, Yellow-billed Kingfisher, Chestnut-bellied Fantail, Goldenface, Frilled Monarch, Fawn-breasted Bowerbird, Raggiana Bird-of-paradise, Magnificent (Growling) Riflebird, the now famous (and poisonous) Hooded Pitohui, and a number of alluring but very difficult-to-see birds: Yellow-legged Brushturkey, Pheasant Pigeon, Painted Quail-thrush, Chestnut-backed Jewel-babbler, Papuan Scrub-Robin, and Papuan Pitta.



The Blue-capped Ifrita is a small insectivore found in the highlands of Papua New Guinea. Photograph by guide Doug Gochfeld.

Kumul Lodge—The Kumul Lodge area, nestled in a remote valley of Enga Province, was first touched by outside influence in the 1930s. Indeed, the Highlands Highway that ascends the mountains from Lae, passing through Goroka and Mt. Hagen, was completed this far west only in the 1980s. Thus the local people are undergoing the thorough (and inevitable) cultural reorganization experienced by most tribal societies accessible to outsiders. This is evident, as a few people in town and at small markets along the road still wear traditional dress, though this is now increasingly becoming a rarity. Although the area around Kumul and Mt Hagen is a typical, intensively cultivated highland valley, the lushly forested Hagen Range provides a vast, relatively undisturbed refuge for numerous birds-of-paradise and other highland birds. The mountains of Papua New Guinea are home to a high proportion of the island's endemic birds, and charming Kumul Lodge, situated at about 8000 feet (2500 m) and overlooking the hills of Enga Province, is the perfect base from which to enjoy this avian wealth. Above the lodge, the forest is dominated by *Lithocarpus* or *Castanopsis* oaks and *Nothofagus* "Antarctic beeches," and epiphytes and ferns abound. This remarkable forest, presently under consideration by local clans as a conservation area to continue to attract ecotourism, reaches up to about 8600 feet (2646

m), where natural soil conditions have created a large area of rolling grassland. Highland specialties we'll look for in the area include Papuan Lorikeet, Papuan King-Parrot, Brehm's Tiger-Parrot, Fan-tailed Cuckoo, Black-bellied Cicadabird, Mountain Mouse-Warbler, Dimorphic and Friendly fantails, Black-breasted Boatbill, Blue-capped Ifrita, Crested and Tit-berrypeckers, (the only members of an endemic family), and also Fan-tailed Berrypecker (another endemic New Guinea family), Wattled Ploughbill, Regent and Brown-backed whistlers, Rufous-naped Bellbird, Red-collared Myzomela, Belford's and Ornate melidectes, Smoky Honeyeater, and such spectacular birds-of-paradise as Brown Sickbill, Ribbon-tailed and

Stephanie's astrapias, and Superb and King-of-Saxony birds-of-paradise. Kumul has also been a good site at times for Dusky Woodcock, the spectacular orange and black male Crested Satinbird (formerly classed as a bird-of-paradise and now an endemic family), and Archbold's Bowerbird.

Brisbane area—We'll make a couple of forays around the city, one to a mangrove and wetland area along the coast where we can look for Black Swan, Chestnut Teal, Red-necked Avocet, Pied Oystercatcher, Torresian Kingfisher, Mangrove and Striped honeyeaters, Mangrove Gerygone, Australian Reed-Warbler, and Fairy Martin among others. Another site en route to Lamington sometimes has breeding Square-tailed Kite, a good chance of Tawny Frogmouth, and the iconic Aussie mammal, the Koala.

Lamington National Park and O'Reilly's—Lamington National Park is about a three-hour drive from Brisbane. O'Reilly's Guest House, our home while at Lamington, is a lovely, modern motel that was once a family farm. This is one of the birdiest places in all of Australia, and many of the usually shy forest species are common on the hotel grounds and trails. Meal times and late afternoon are feeding time, and the lawns and feeding trays are usually alive with gaudy (and bold!) Crimson Rosellas, Australian King-Parrots, Wonga Pigeons, Australian Brushturkeys, Pied Currawongs, stunningly beautiful Regent and Satin bowerbirds (the latter with bowers adorned with blue objects), Superb Fairywrens, Red-browed Firetails, and a few mammals such as the little Red-necked Pademelon (a small kind of wallaby). Short-eared Possums visit the feeding trays by night—oblivious to the spotlights and the humans dining just inside the glass.

We'll have two days to wander the many forest trails and bird the road near O'Reilly's, allowing us a good amount of time to enjoy the region's special birds and a nice variety of mammals. Ornithologically, the principal specialty in this forest is the Albert's Lyrebird, a species of *very* limited distribution and the second largest of the world's passerines. We'll make a concerted effort to see the lyrebird, concentrating on favored forest ravines in the early morning, but be aware that they have become much harder to find of late and the odds of seeing them vary from year to year.

In addition to rainforest habitats, we will also bird the drier *Eucalyptus* woodland just down the mountain from O'Reilly's, where in addition to searching for species not normally found in the rainforest (Glossy Black-Cockatoo, Spotted Pardalote, Red-browed Treecreeper, Varied Sittella, etc.), we'll also hope to spot a Koala. Other species that we may see at Lamington include the showy Topknot Pigeon, Noisy Pitta, Russet-tailed and Olive-tailed thrushes, Gray Shrikethrush (a beautiful singer), Rose and Eastern Yellow robins, the fabulous Australian Logrunner (which forages on the ground in groups, noisily kicking dry leaves out of the way at a 90-degree angle from its body), White-throated Treecreeper, Yellow-throated Scrubwren, Gray and Rufous fantails, Eastern Spinebill, Green Catbird, and the elusive Paradise Riflebird. We'll also go afield by night—if the weather permits—in search of (Greater) Sooty-Owl (rare), Southern Boobook, frogmouths, Australian Owlet-Nightjar, and mammals.

Royal National Park is situated in a scenic setting of forest and heathland only forty minutes south of Sydney. In the lovely *Eucalyptus* woodlands we may see a number of common birds that are widespread in Australia but which could be new for us, e.g. Fan-tailed Cuckoo, Satin Flycatcher, Brown and Striated thornbills, Red and Little wattlebirds, New Holland and Yellow-faced honeyeaters, Silveryeye, and Variegated Fairywren.

There are a few birds of restricted distribution that we'll especially concentrate on locating in this area. Foremost is the Superb Lyrebird, certainly among the most spectacular songbirds in the world. With patience and luck, we should be able to locate one. The Rockwarbler (*Origma*) is another priority, restricted mostly to the Hawkesbury sandstone of NSW and the state's only endemic. The heaths in the higher parts of the park may also have Tawny-crowned Honeyeater, Chestnut-rumped Heathwren, and the delightful Southern Emuwren. We'll be on the lookout, too, for Short-beaked Echidna, an engaging, large hedgehog-like mammal that is related to the Platypus. A sea-watch off a scenic coastal headland has been productive when the winds are right, and there is a chance of Short-tailed, Wedge-tailed, and Hutton's or Fluttering shearwaters, Australasian Gannet, and just maybe, a Black-browed Albatross.



Wonga Pigeons are found along the eastern edge of Australia. They are rather secretive, but their loud calls can be heard for long distances. Photograph by guide Chris Benesh.

Itinerary for New Guinea & Australia

Days 1-3, Sun-Tue, 08-10 Oct. Travel from Los Angeles to Cairns. The recommended QANTAS flight is scheduled to depart Los Angeles Sunday evening, arriving in Cairns at around noon on Tuesday, October 10th. (We will "lose" October 9 to the International Date Line.) It is a good idea to fly into Cairns a day or two early so you can acclimate to the time change. We can book extra nights for you at the Acacia Court Hotel in Cairns, and you can meet the group there on October 10th. If you are on the recommended flight departing on October 8th arriving in Cairns on October 10th, your guide will be waiting to meet you outside customs in Cairns. Participants arriving in Cairns early are responsible for the cost of a taxi to the Acacia Court in Cairns. Please note that QANTAS often enforces its rule of one small carry-on piece per passenger, so be prepared.

Upon arrival of the group, we plan to go to our hotel and check in and have lunch. Later this afternoon if the tide is right, we may go to the Cairns Esplanade, where we should encounter large numbers of waterbirds and waders. Otherwise we'll visit other productive local birding sites, to start familiarizing ourselves with the avifauna. Expect the weather to be warm in Cairns and humid on the waterfront. Night in Cairns.

Day 4, Wed, 11 Oct. Cairns area and Atherton Tableland birding. This morning we'll bird our way up the Atherton Tableland with a number of stops along the way. Several species of birds are endemic to the tableland, and we hope to encounter most of them during our stay. We plan to arrive in Yungaburra in the late afternoon. A comfortable local motel will be our home for the next two nights as we explore this picturesque region. Night at Chambers Rainforest Apartments set deep in the forest at Lake Eacham.



*We may find Bush Thick-knee in the Cairns area.
Photograph by participant Chuck Holliday.*

Day 5, Thu, 12 Oct. Atherton Tableland. We'll have the day to explore the beautiful crater lakes, Eacham and Barrine, and some other great local spots. Weather permitting, we'll do some nightbirding near Yungaburra. Night at Chambers Rainforest Apartments.

Day 6, Fri, 13 Oct. More Atherton Tableland birding; to Cairns. Today we'll plan on heading to the southwest where the forested habitat is decidedly drier. Here we'll search for a number of species we'll likely see nowhere else, including Little Lorikeet, Dusky Woodswallow, Red-backed Fairywren, Fuscous Honeyeater, Brown Treecreeper, and the striking Crested Shrike-tit, among others. We should get back to Cairns by late afternoon. Night in Cairns.

Day 7, Sat, 14 Oct. Black Mountain Road. We'll spend the day north of Cairns in hopes of finding the spectacular Southern Cassowary at the well-known Cassowary House, where these enormous, and rather scary birds, regularly feed below the balcony fruit feeders. The remainder of our morning will be spent searching for other rainforest species along Black Mountain Road, including Yellow-breasted Boatbill, White-eared Monarch, and Lovely Fairywren. After a lunch in the area, we'll plan to make an early return to Cairns to continue birding along the Esplanade and/or to take some time to prepare for tomorrow's departure. Night in Cairns.

Day 8, Sun, 15 Oct. Cairns; to PNG. After some morning birding around Cairns, we will board our short (90 minutes) mid-day flight to Port Moresby, capital of Papua New Guinea. Upon arrival at the airport in Port Moresby, we will have to obtain a tourist visa (free for US and Canadian citizens, other nationalities please check requirements in advance) and change money for any extras before making the short drive to our lodging. Depending on our flight's arrival time, we may have time to make a foray out to the Pacific Adventist University grounds for some introductory New Guinea birding. Night in Port Moresby.

Day 9, Mon, 16 Oct. Varirata National Park. We'll spend all day at the park with a picnic lunch. Most of our birding will be along forest trails where conditions vary greatly depending on recent weather. Sneakers or hiking boots are probably adequate, but bring your waterproof boots in the bus (where you can safely leave them) for use just in case there has been recent rain and the trails are muddy. Night in Port Moresby.

Days 10-12, Tue-Thu, 17-19 Oct. To Mt. Hagen. We'll fly on the morning of Day 10 over the amazing forested highlands of Papua New Guinea to Mt. Hagen, where we will begin our highland birding. We'll have two-and-a-half days to seek out the local highland specialties, and we'll plan to work in some nightbirding as well if the weather permits. We will be birding along dirt roads and at times on quite steep trails where waterproof boots are advised (this is a high-rainfall area) in pursuit of some of the world's great birds. Nights at Kumul Lodge.



The Wattled Ploughbill is an unusual small bird whose taxonomic affinities are not clear. It uses its bill to "plow" through tree branches in search of insects. Photograph by guide Doug Gochfeld.

Day 13, Fri, 20 Oct. To Port Moresby. Depending on flight schedules, we may have some time this morning in the Hagen area before we fly back to Port Moresby, and/or we may have time in the afternoon for some birding or sightseeing around Port Moresby. Night in Port Moresby.

Day 14, Sat, 21 Oct. Early Afternoon flight to Brisbane. At around noon we'll fly to Brisbane, leaving New Guinea behind. If the flight time permits, we may have the opportunity for some more local birding before we head to the airport. Night in Brisbane.

Day 15, Sun, 22 Oct. To O'Reilly's. This morning we'll start with a visit to an area of wetlands and coastal mangroves to the south of the city, where we will search for a number of waterfowl and shorebirds, as well as some local songbird species like Striped and Mangrove honeyeaters and Mangrove Gerygone. Another morning stop will find us searching for Koalas and Tawny Frogmouths in a reserve of dry eucalyptus forest, before we begin the climb up to O'Reilly's. Red-necked and Whiptail (Pretty-face) wallabies can often be seen along the roadside during the drive up, and a careful scan in the treetops could also reveal Glossy Black-Cockatoos or even a Koala. We'll arrive at O'Reilly's in the afternoon ready for a bunch of new birds. Night at O'Reilly's.

Days 16-17, Mon-Tue, 23-24 Oct. Lamington National Park and O'Reilly's. We'll have all of Day 16 and the morning of Day 17 to wander the alluring trails and enjoy the birds of Lamington National Park. We'll return to Brisbane on the afternoon of Day 17 for our flight to Sydney. We'll spend the night of Day 16, with possible owling that evening, at O'Reilly's and then be in Sydney on Day 17.

Day 18, Wed, 25 Oct. Royal National Park. We'll have the entire day for birding in Royal National Park. It should be a day full of excitement with a good chance of Superb Lyrebird plus some new heathland species and seabirds. Night in Sydney.

Day 19, Thu, 26 Oct. Flight to Los Angeles. Participants will take the QANTAS flight to Los Angeles, departing Sydney at 10:50 a.m. and arriving the same day (having "gained" our day back over the International Date Line) in Los Angeles at 6:30 a.m.

About Your Guide

Jay VanderGaast was introduced to birding by his father, and his obsession with birds was evident by age seven when he memorized the plates in Peterson's eastern field guide. He went on to earn a B.S. in biology at university and briefly contemplated a career in research, but two years on the buggy arctic tundra watching ptarmigan do little other than occasionally getting eaten by Gyrfalcons soon put an end to that plan! Instead, he strapped on a backpack and a pair of bins and began roaming the world in search of birds.

His travels eventually led him to Costa Rica, where he stumbled into a job as a birding guide at Rancho Naturalista Lodge. Amazed that he was actually getting paid to watch birds, he jealously guarded his position there for six years. His career with Field Guides coincided with the dawn of the new millennium (if you believe that began in 2000!), and since then he has guided more than 100 tours on several continents.

When he's not on tour, Jay's native habitat is his home near Montreal, where he lives with his partner, Annie, and their children—daughters Ariane and Elodie, and son Noah.

Visit <http://fieldguides.com/guides> for Jay's complete tour schedule; just click on his photo.

"Jay VanderGaast is an excellent guide. The trip would not have been the same without him. His acute hearing and sight and genuine interest and caring resulted in our seeing many exquisite birds. He made certain that everyone saw each bird. He took great care of us from handling things at airports to choosing super restaurants. The pace was perfect." S.M., New Guinea & Australia

Financial Information

FEE: \$8475 from Cairns (includes flights from Cairns to Port Moresby, Port Moresby to Mt. Hagen and return, and Port Moresby to Brisbane; **the flight from Brisbane to Sydney is not included in the tour fee**)

DEPOSIT: \$850 per person

FINAL PAYMENT DUE: June 10, 2017

SINGLE SUPPLEMENT (Optional): \$1195

LIMIT: 9

Other Things You Need to Know

TOUR MANAGER: The manager for this tour is Karen Turner. Karen will be happy to assist you in preparing for the tour. If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to call her!

A NOTE ON ALTITUDE: Kumul Lodge in Papua New Guinea is located at about 8200 feet or 2600m. Most people have little trouble at this altitude, but if you are concerned, consult your physician for remedies to ward off altitude sickness.

DOCUMENTS: A valid **passport** is necessary for US citizens to enter Australia and New Guinea. In addition, a **visa** is required for travel to Australia. The Field Guides office will generate a "paperless" visa through the airline computer and send you a copy. The visa for Papua New Guinea can be obtained by US and Canadian nationals after arriving at the airport, but **make sure you have a spare blank page in your passport.**

If you are not a US or Canadian citizen, please check with the Australia and New Guinea consulates nearest you for entry requirements. Information about consulates and entry requirements is generally available online or you can contact us and we will be happy to look this up for you. Passports should have an adequate number of blank pages for the entire journey. Some countries require a blank page for their stamp and as a precaution it is best to have one blank page per country you will visit or transit.

AIR ARRANGEMENTS: Field Guides is a full service travel agency and your tour manager will be happy to assist you with flights to join this tour. Field Guides does not charge a service fee for these services to clients booking a tour. However, we understand that tech-savvy clients often prefer to shop online or that you may wish to use mileage to purchase tickets. Regardless of which method you choose, your tour manager will be happy to provide assistance regarding ticket prices and schedules, along with rental cars and extra hotel nights as needed.

Please be sure to check with your tour manager prior to purchasing your ticket to make sure the flights you have chosen will work well with the tour itinerary and that the tour is sufficiently subscribed to operate. Once purchased, most airline tickets are non-refundable and carry a penalty to change. Field Guides cannot be responsible for these fees.

Also, it is imperative that we receive a copy of your comprehensive flight itinerary—including any and all flights not covered in the tour fee—so that we may track you in the event of missed connections, delays, or other mishaps.

LUGGAGE: Please be aware that many airlines have recently modified their luggage policies and are charging additional fees for checked bags. Updates could easily occur before your departure, so you may wish to contact your airline to verify the policy. Additional charges for bags on any flights, whether these are covered by the tour fee or not, will be the client's responsibility. Note that our internal flights in PNG can be particularly restrictive, and extra baggage fees are not uncommon here. Any unnecessary luggage can be stored at our Port Moresby hotel until our return there from Kumul Lodge. In addition, local airlines often insist that all spare batteries are carried in your hand luggage, so please keep this in mind when packing your bags.

TOUR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS: The tour fee is \$8475 for one person in double occupancy from Cairns. It includes all lodging from Day 3 through Day 18, all meals from lunch on Day 3 through breakfast on Day 19, the flights from Cairns to Port Moresby, Port Moresby to Mt. Hagen and return, and Port Moresby to Brisbane, all ground transportation, entrance fees, and the guide services of the tour leader(s). Tipping at group meals and for drivers, porters, and local guides is included in your tour fee and will be handled for the group by your Field Guides leader(s). However, if you would like to recognize your Field Guides leader(s) or any local guide(s) for exceptional service, it is entirely appropriate to tip. We emphasize that such tips are optional and not expected.

The above fee does not include your airfare from Los Angeles to Cairns or from Brisbane to Sydney and Sydney to Los Angeles, airport taxes, visa fees, any checked or carry-on baggage charges imposed by the airlines, any alcoholic beverages, optional tips to local drivers and guides, phone calls, laundry, or other items of a personal nature.

The **single supplement** for the tour is \$1195. If you do not have a roommate but wish to share, we will try to pair you with a roommate from the tour; but if none is available, you will be billed for the single supplement. Our tour fees are based on double occupancy; one-half the cost of a double room is priced into the tour fee. The single supplement is calculated by taking the actual cost of a single room and subtracting one-half the cost of a double room (plus any applicable taxes).

TOUR REGISTRATION: To register for this tour, complete the Registration/Release and Indemnity form and return it with a **deposit of \$850** per person. If registering by phone, a deposit must be received within fourteen days, or the space will be released. **Full payment** of the tour fee is due 120 days prior to departure, or **by June 10, 2017. We will bill you for the final payment at either 120 days or when the tour has reached sufficient subscription to operate, whichever date comes later.** Since the cost of your trip insurance and airline tickets is generally non-refundable, please do not finalize these purchases until you have received final billing for the tour or have been advised that the tour is sufficiently subscribed to operate by your tour manager.

SMOKING: Almost all of our clients prefer a smoke-free environment. If you smoke, please be sensitive to the group and refrain from smoking at meals, in vehicles, and in proximity to the group on trails and elsewhere.

CANCELLATION POLICY: Refund of deposit and payment, less \$100 handling fee, will be made if cancellation is received up to 120 days before departure. If cancellation occurs between 119 and 70 days before the departure date, 50% of the tour fee is refundable. Thereafter, all deposits and payments are not refundable.

This policy only applies to payments made to Field Guides for tour (and any services included in those fees). Airline tickets not included in the tour fee and purchased separately often carry penalties for cancellation or change, or are sometimes totally non-refundable. Additionally, if you take out trip insurance the cost of the insurance is not refundable so

it is best to purchase the policy just prior to making full payment for the tour or at the time you purchase airline tickets, depending upon the airlines restrictions.

The right is reserved to cancel any tour prior to departure, in which case full refund will constitute full settlement to the passenger. The right is reserved to substitute in case of emergency another guide for the original one.

TRIP CANCELLATION & MEDICAL EMERGENCY INSURANCE: We strongly recommend you consider purchasing trip cancellation (including medical emergency) insurance to cover your investment in case of injury or illness to you or your family prior to or during a trip. Because we must remit early (and substantial) tour deposits to our suppliers, we cannot offer any refund when cancellation occurs within 70 days of departure, and only a partial refund from 70 to 119 days prior to departure (see CANCELLATION POLICY). In addition, the Department of State strongly urges Americans to consult with their medical insurance company prior to traveling abroad to confirm whether their policy applies overseas and if it will cover emergency expenses such as a medical evacuation. US medical insurance plans seldom cover health costs incurred outside the United States unless supplemental coverage is purchased. Furthermore, US Medicare and Medicaid programs do not provide payment for medical services outside the United States.

When making a decision regarding health insurance, Americans should consider that many foreign doctors and hospitals require payment in cash prior to providing service and that a medical evacuation to the United States may cost well in excess of \$50,000. Uninsured travelers who require medical care overseas often face extreme difficulties. When consulting with your insurer prior to your trip, please ascertain whether payment will be made to the overseas healthcare provider or whether you will be reimbursed later for expenses that you incur.

US citizens will receive from us a brochure regarding optional tour cancellation/emergency medical insurance. Our agent, CSA, will insure for trip cancellation and interruption, medical coverage, travel delay, baggage loss and delay, 24-hour accident protection, and emergency medical transportation. If you purchase the insurance when making final payment for the tour, and cover all non-refundable parts of the trip (including any non-refundable flights), pre-existing conditions are covered. The CSA brochure includes a contact number; you may also purchase your CSA policy on-line by visiting our website at www.fieldguides.com/travelinsurance.htm and clicking the link to CSA. Please note, once the insurance is purchased it is non-refundable, so please check with your tour manager prior to making the purchase to assure the tour will operate as scheduled. Citizens of other countries are urged to consult their insurance broker.

RESPONSIBILITY: For and in consideration of the opportunity to participate in the tour, each tour participant and each parent or legal guardian of a tour participant who is under 18 agrees to release, indemnify, and hold harmless Field Guides Incorporated, its agents, servants, employees, shareholders, officers, directors, attorneys, and contractors as more fully set forth in the Release and Indemnity Agreement on the reverse side of the registration form. Field Guides Incorporated acts only as an agent for the passenger in regard to travel, whether by railroad, motorcar, motorcoach, boat, airplane, or other means, and assumes no liability for injury, damage, loss, accident, delay, or irregularity caused by defect in such vehicles or for any reason whatsoever, including the acts, defaults, or bankruptcies of any company or person engaged in conveying the passenger or in carrying out the arrangements of the tour. Field Guides Incorporated accepts no responsibility for losses or additional expenses due to delay or changes in air or other services, sickness, weather, strike, war, quarantine, or other causes. The tour participant shall bear all such losses and expenses. Field Guides Incorporated reserves the right to substitute hotels of similar category for those indicated and to make any changes in the itinerary where deemed necessary or caused by changes in air schedules. Field Guides Incorporated reserves the right to decline to accept or to retain any person as a member of any tour. Baggage is at owner's risk entirely.

Participants should be in good health and should consult a physician before undertaking a tour. If you have questions about the physical requirements of a tour, please contact our office for further information. Participants should prepare for the tour by reading the detailed itinerary, the information bulletin, and other pertinent matter provided by Field Guides. Each participant is responsible for bringing appropriate clothing and equipment as recommended in our bulletins.

THE RECEIPT OF YOUR TOUR DEPOSIT SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE CONSENT TO THE ABOVE CONDITIONS. EACH TOUR PARTICIPANT AND EACH PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN OF A TOUR PARTICIPANT WHO IS UNDER 18 SHALL SIGN AND DELIVER THE RELEASE AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT AT THE TIME OF REGISTRATION.

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