

# Trip Report — Arizona's Second Spring II 2025

July 26-August 4, 2025 with Cory Gregory



This trip is a superb one for seeing a wonderful diversity of hummingbirds. We tallied 13 species of hummingbirds of all different shapes, sizes, and patterns. This sharp one is a male Broad-tailed Hummingbird photographed by participant Jin Bai.

The summer monsoon season in southeast Arizona is my favorite time to go birding there. Despite the heat, there is a wonderful mixture of avifauna in late summer. Post-breeding hummingbirds wander and gather in great numbers at feeders, some of the open-country birds start to breed once the grasslands green up, and some of the normal breeders are still around and on territory. Add to that the dynamic weather and afternoon thunderstorms. All in all, it's a great mix! Over the course of this trip I hope

you enjoyed sampling these many habitats, mountain ranges, and various birds.

Our fun began in Tucson where we first got acquainted with the Sonoran desert by visiting the Tucson Mountains west of the city. It was here that we first encountered Black-throated Sparrow, Pyrrhuloxia, Curve-billed Thrasher, Black-tailed Gnatcatcher, and others. That evening, we even got to enjoy hearing one of the rarest nightbirds in all of the US, the Buff-collared Nightjar!



The Greater Roadrunner is one of the classic species of the desert and we ended up seeing several of these ground-loving cuckoos. This one was photographed by participant Jin Bai.

The real fun began the next morning when we set out from Tucson. We stopped in Box Canyon where we enjoyed another rarity, the Five-striped Sparrow. Nearby, a Golden Eagle perched on a ledge, Rock Wrens sang, Gray Hawks were attending a nest, and Cassin's Kingbirds kept a close eye on everyone. Farther east, we enjoyed watching more than half a dozen

Mississippi Kites swirling together near St. David. We kept heading east and it wasn't long until we were watching Chihuahuan Ravens, Chihuahuan Meadowlarks, and a slew of shorebirds at Willcox. The number of stilts and avocets was pretty impressive, as were the numbers of Baird's, Least, and Western sandpipers. But from there, it was time to head down to Portal, our home for the next three nights.

The next morning, after our picnic breakfast, we ventured high into the Chiricahuas. As soon as we stepped out of the van at Rustler Park we were surrounded with different species. Greater Pewees called and caught bugs from exposed perches, Yellow-eyed Juncos littered the ground, Steller's Jays came in to take a look, Grace's Warblers sang from high in the trees, and we even had a prized Red-faced Warbler make an appearance. Barfoot Park was similar, except this time we saw a major target, the strange Olive Warbler. Strangely, we even saw a Greater Pewee attack one and take it down to the ground. Things weren't looking good for the warbler but it eventually got away! We continued to bird in the upper reaches of the mountains which was a pleasure. Pygmy Nuthatches showed up, a male Calliope Hummingbird fed from a thistle, and Western Tanagers were fairly common. That afternoon we visited some feeders in Portal which were hosting a couple dozen species. We added Scott's Oriole, Blue Grosbeak, Northern Cardinal, and we also saw more Gambel's Quail. And our last stop before dinner was for a photogenic pair of Thick-billed Kingbirds which was a very good species to add to our growing list! Lastly, that evening we ventured out some more and ended up seeing Common Poorwill and crushing views of Western Screech-Owl. What a day!



We visited a riparian corridor where some of the only Mississippi Kites breed in Arizona. We had fantastic views of more than a half dozen swirling around together. Photo by guide Cory Gregory.

The next morning we stayed a little closer to home. We spent a fair bit of our morning exploring the lovely riparian forest along the South Fork of Cave Creek. We saw a Blue-throated Mountain-gem taking a bath below us, Arizona Woodpeckers working up tree trunks, Sulphur-bellied Flycatchers and their squeaky-toy sounds, Rufous-crowned Sparrows, Mexican Jays, and much more. And who can forget the lovely Painted Redstarts? Up the slope, at the Southwestern Research Station, we enjoyed watching the feeders there as we got to learn more about how to tell some of the hummingbirds apart. The feeders were alive with Rivoli's Hummingbird, Blue-throated Mountain-gem, Black-chinned Hummingbird, Rufous Hummingbird, and several others. Late that morning we went down to New Mexico to work on our growing New Mexico lists. But also to enjoy the desert museum and lunch at a nearby shop. Later that afternoon, after a siesta, we drove to Paradise and enjoyed another set of feeders. This one was hosting a very-rare White-eared Hummingbird which we all got to see. That evening we



hunted for another nightbird we hadn't seen yet. Thankfully, we did catch up to the Whiskered Screech-Owl and even got to see it.



While up in the Chiricahuas, escaping the heat, we enjoyed a different suite of species. Red-faced Warbler, Olive Warbler, and plenty of Steller's Jays. Here's the latter, photographed by participant Jin Bai.

We had to depart Portal this morning, it was time we moved to the Huachucas. Our first stop was back in South Fork where we got to hear the distant Elegant Trogon, and then on to the research station where we finally caught up to the continuing rare Berylline Hummingbird! We made our way up and over Onion Saddle, down to Pinery Canyon where our encounter with the Spotted Owls and Mexican Chickadees would make any birder jealous! As we drove down into the lowlands, we spotted a few things along the way like a massive Golden Eagle that was perched near the road. Western Kingbirds dotted the powerlines, Swainson's Hawks soared nearby, and we even saw a quick Scaled Quail duck into the bushes. After our lunch in Bisbee, and after admiring the gigantic Lavender Pit, we visited the San Pedro House where Yellow-breasted Chat, Gila Woodpecker, and

Blue Grosbeak livened up the hot afternoon. Later that afternoon we visited the legendary Ash Canyon where we were successful in finding yet another two new hummingbirds, Anna's Hummingbird and the rare Lucifer Hummingbird!

Miller Canyon has become an incredibly popular birding destination thanks to the wonderful hummingbird setup at the Beatty's, but also the trail up the canyon which can have some very superb birding. We devoted our morning to this beautiful canyon but it hardly took any time at all to see the stars of the show, the pair of Flame-colored Tanagers; we enjoyed great views of them right on the Beatty's property! Farther up the canyon we added Zone-tailed Hawk, Painted Restarts, Plumbeous and Hutton's vireos, before turning around and settling in to watch the hummingbird feeders. It didn't take long to see why Miller Canyon is such a hotspot! The various feeders were alive with dozens of hummingbirds. Perhaps none stole the show quite like the vivid Violet-crowned Hummingbird that stayed busy defending its favorite feeder. Later that afternoon we visited another famous canyon in the Huachucas, Ramsey Canyon. We took a walk upslope and managed to hear another Elegant Trogon before rain pushed us back downhill. But when the rain let up, we paused and watched some more hummingbird feeders there, these hosting both a Berylline and Violet-crowned hummingbird.



Of our 13 species of hummingbirds, we saw several rare ones including White-eared and Berylline. Here's a Berylline Hummingbird in Ramsey Canyon photographed by guide Cory Gregory.

The final canyon we visited in the Huachucas was Carr Canyon. We slowly wound our way uphill that next morning until we reached the coniferous forests around the Reef Townsite campground. Our main target here fell into place almost immediately, the Buff-breasted Flycatcher. After we filled up our memory cards with amazing photos of this precious Empid, we continued to look around. We found Woodhouse's Scrub-Jays, Grace's Warblers, Black-throated Gray Warbler, Plumbeous Vireo, and even another Zone-tailed Hawk. But, we had ground to cover and so we made our way back downhill, through Sierra Vista, and out to some grasslands. Our main target here, the range-restricted Botteri's Sparrow, fell into place nicely! After lunch in Patagonia, we went to try to find yet another rare Arizona specialty, the Rose-throated Becard. It took some effort but we were eventually rewarded with great views of both the male and the female. We even got to watch the female catch and eat a really big caterpillar! It wouldn't be a visit to Patagonia without a stop at the Paton Center for Hummingbirds. We

enjoyed more hummingbirds there, including another Violet-crowned, before taking a walk and scoring our first Song Sparrow and cooperative Yellow-breasted Chats. A brief stop at the famous roadside rest yielded yet another pair of Thick-billed Kingbirds before we eventually had to make our way down to Nogales where we'd stay for two nights.



Another specialty we enjoyed high up in the Chiricahuas is the Greater Pewee. It was fun getting to watch them and their behavior. Photo by participant Gary Campbell.

We had flexibility at this point to target some remaining species we had yet to encounter and so that next morning we went first to Santa Gertrudis Lane where we enjoyed even more encounters with things like Inca Dove, Vermilion Flycatcher, Summer Tanager, and Blue Grosbeak. The newest species to our checklist though was Black Phoebe, Lazuli Bunting, and Tropical Kingbird, although the bunting was rather sneaky. However, getting to watch another Rufous-winged Sparrow in full song though may have



taken the cake. Next, a quick stop at Amado WTP helped fill out our checklist with Mallard, Mexican Duck, Ruddy Duck, Black-bellied Whistling-Duck, and Neotropic Cormorant. Next we visited Canoa Ranch where, despite the heat, we enjoyed a walk around the lake. New for our checklist was Pied-billed Grebe, Double-crested Cormorant, Great Blue Heron, Lark Sparrow, and Lucy's Warbler. Next, before lunch, we swung by a cute city park where we were successful in tracking down our 13th and final species of hummingbird, the tiny Costa's Hummingbird. After our lunch in Green Valley, we tracked down yet another new species for us, the desert-loving Harris's Hawk. Things were going well! But then we started driving around Sahuarita. We tried and tried for Gilded Flicker but it didn't look good in the heat of the afternoon. And then, there, a flicker flying! We got out but couldn't find it, thankfully Gary saved the day and spotted our Gilded Flicker on the side of a saguaro. Whew! It had been a long and hot day and so our Italian dinner in Nogales tasted especially good.



The vast grasslands we visited really suffered from a lack of rain expected with the monsoons. Still, we found Botteri's Sparrow across the road from this nice view. Photo by guide Cory Gregory.

Our final day of birding began in Nogales where we packed up and headed north (it sure wasn't going to be south!). A Lesser Nighthawk en route was a good omen! One of our main stops this morning was in the picturesque Montosa Canyon. When we weren't dodging bats, we were enjoying a beautiful new addition to our triplist, the Varied Bunting. From there, we went to another canyon in the Santa Ritas, the well-known Madera Canyon. We took a walk up top but it was pretty hot and quiet and so we retreated to the feeders where we said our final goodbyes to species like Acorn Woodpecker, Arizona Woodpecker, Bridled Titmouse, Lesser Goldfinch, and Hooded Oriole. We drove north into Tucson for lunch, before one more birding stop, Sweetwater Wetlands. Although the sun was scorching, we made the best of it and tallied nearly 30 species including new species for our trip like Cinnamon Teal, Northern Shoveler, and American Coot. But before long, the heat pushed us out and we retreated to our hotel in Tucson. That night, we went over our Top 3 and coming in at Number 1 was Spotted Owl! But Five-striped Sparrow, Flame-colored Tanager, and Berylline Hummingbird weren't far behind.



Other than birds, we paid a lot of attention to the various lizards, dragonflies, and other critters. Here's a snazzy Flame Skimmer photographed by participant Gary Campbell.

**Here's a list of the other critters we encountered:**

**Eastern Cottontail** (*Sylvilagus floridanus*) - Up in the mountains only.

**Desert Cottontail** (*Sylvilagus audubonii*) - The common cottontail at lower elevations.

**Black-tailed Jackrabbit** (*Lepus californicus*) - Seen only once or twice.

**Cliff Chipmunk** (*Neotamias dorsalis*) - Common

**Common Rock Squirrel** (*Otospermophilus variegatus*) - Common

**Mexican Fox Squirrel** (*Sciurus nayaritensis*) - Range restricted, seen many times in the Chiricahuas.

**Arizona Gray Squirrel** (*Sciurus arizonensis*) - Seen only once towards the end of the trip.

**Merriam's Kangaroo Rat** (*Dipodomys merriami*) - Seen briefly during a night-drive.

**Canyon Bat** (*Parastrellus hesperus*) - Flying around (during the day!) in Montosa Canyon.

**Coyote** (*Canis latrans*) - Seen once.

**White-nosed Coati** (*Nasua narica*) - The one at SWRS didn't stick around.

**Striped Skunk** (*Mephitis mephitis*) - During a night-drive.

**Collared Peccary** (*Dicotyles tajacu*) - A group right in the parking lot of our hotel.

**White-tailed Deer** (*Odocoileus virginianus*) - Common

**Black-tailed Rattlesnake** (*Crotalus molossus*) - Seen on at least two different night-drives.

**Chiricahua Leopard Frog** (*Lithobates chiricahuensis*) - On the Beatty's property.

**Woodhouse's Toad** (*Anaxyrus woodhousii*) - Seen only once, near Santa Gertrudis Lane.

**Southwestern Fence Lizard** (*Sceloporus cowlesi*) - Seen a few times.

**Desert Spiny Lizard** (*Sceloporus magister*) - A bigger species we saw just a few times.

**Clark's Spiny Lizard** (*Sceloporus clarkii*) - Only seen once, in the tree near the Beatty's feeders.

**Yarrow's Spiny Lizard** (*Sceloporus jarrovii*) - Common, seen many times.

**Sonoran Spotted Whiptail** (*Aspidoscelis sonorae*) - Abundant.

**Zebra-tailed Lizard** (*Callisaurus draconoides*) - At the park in Green Valley

**Desert Blonde Tarantula** (*Aphonopelma chalcodes*)

**Flame Skimmer** (*Libellula saturata*)

**Widow Skimmer** (*Libellula luctuosa*)

**Common Green Darner** (*Anax junius*)

**Black Saddlebags** (*Tamea lacerata*)

**Blue Fungus Beetle** (*Cypherotylus californicus*)



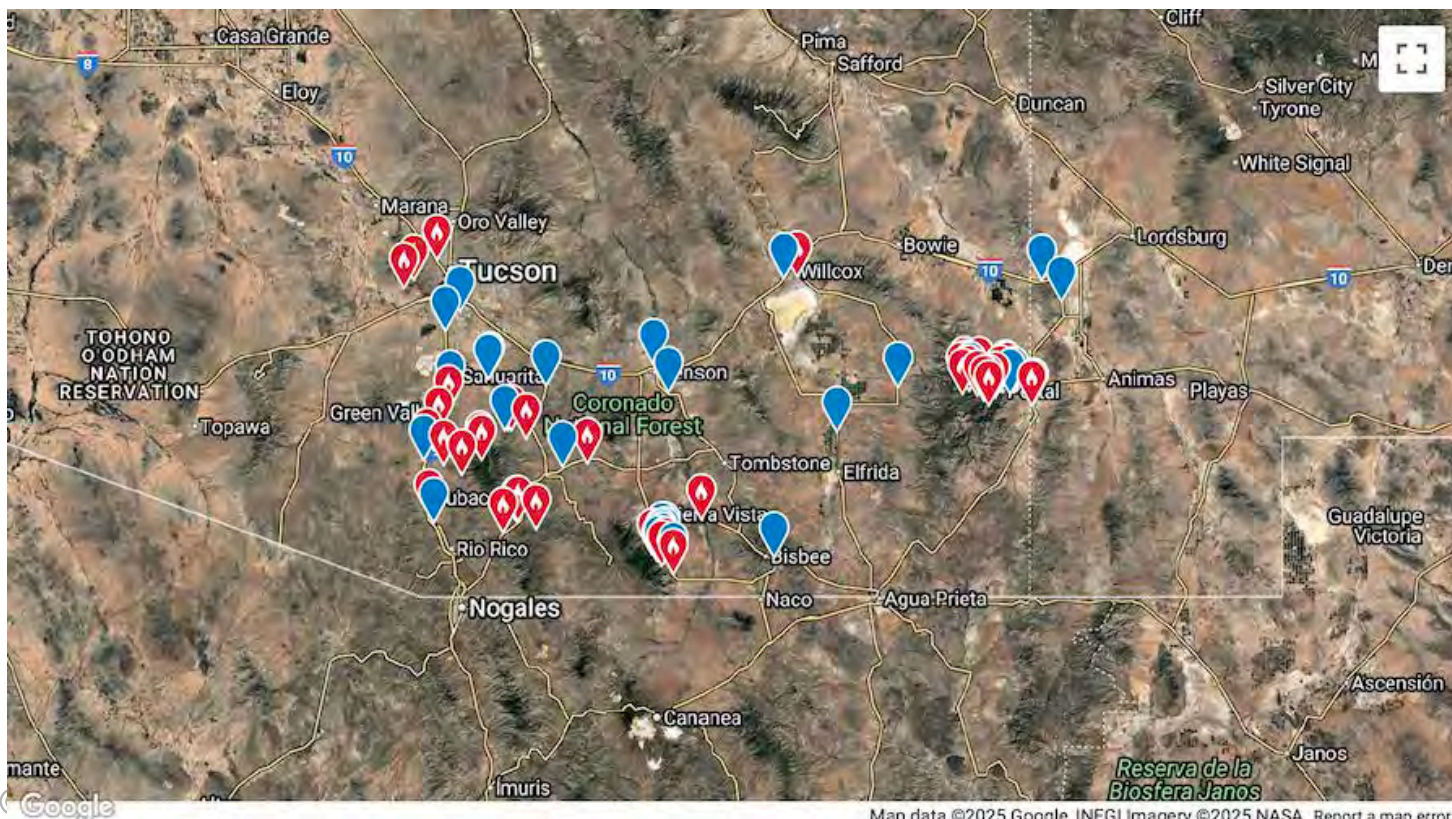
I just want to close with a big thank you to each of you for helping make this trip happen. I enjoyed showing you some of what birding southeastern Arizona is all about during the summer monsoons and I hope you made lots of good memories. Be safe, and until we see each other on another birding trip, good birding!

You can see my complete trip report on eBird at this link: <https://ebird.org/tripreport/401926>

-- Cory Gregory (Curlew)

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## Species Observed






























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5	<b>Black-bellied Whistling-Duck</b>	<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>	▶  2
1	<b>Cinnamon Teal</b>	<i>Spatula cyanoptera</i>	▶  1
1	<b>Northern Shoveler</b>	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>	▶  1  1
4	<b>Mallard</b>	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	▶  2
14	<b>Mexican Duck</b>	<i>Anas diazi</i>	▶  2
4	<b>Ruddy Duck</b>	<i>Oxyura jamaicensis</i>	▶  2
1	<b>Scaled Quail</b>	<i>Callipepla squamata</i>	▶  1
17	<b>Gambel's Quail</b>	<i>Callipepla gambelii</i>	▶  4
14	<b>Wild Turkey</b>	<i>Meleagris gallopavo</i>	▶  3
3	<b>Band-tailed Pigeon</b>	<i>Patagioenas fasciata</i>	▶  3
5	<b>Eurasian Collared-Dove</b>	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i> *	▶  3
7	<b>Inca Dove</b>	<i>Columbina inca</i>	▶  4
2	<b>Common Ground Dove</b>	<i>Columbina passerina</i>	▶  1
106	<b>White-winged Dove</b>	<i>Zenaida asiatica</i>	▶  17
23	<b>Mourning Dove</b>	<i>Zenaida macroura</i>	▶  16
3	<b>Greater Roadrunner</b>	<i>Geococcyx californianus</i>	▶  3
2	<b>Lesser Nighthawk</b>	<i>Chordeiles acutipennis</i>	▶  2
5	<b>Common Poorwill</b>	<i>Phalaenoptilus nuttallii</i>	▶  2
1	<b>Buff-collared Nightjar</b>	<i>Antrostomus ridgwayi</i>	▶  1
4	<b>Mexican Whip-poor-will</b>	<i>Antrostomus arizonae</i>	▶  2
16	<b>White-throated Swift</b>	<i>Aeronautes saxatalis</i>	▶  3


























17	<b>Rivoli's Hummingbird</b>	<i>Eugenes fulgens</i>	▶  7
7	<b>Blue-throated Mountain-gem</b>	<i>Lampornis clemenciae</i>	▶  2  3
1	<b>Lucifer Hummingbird</b>	<i>Calothorax lucifer</i>	▶  1  1
96	<b>Black-chinned Hummingbird</b>	<i>Archilochus alexandri</i>	▶  14
25	<b>Anna's Hummingbird</b>	<i>Calypte anna</i>	▶  2
1	<b>Costa's Hummingbird</b>	<i>Calypte costae</i>	▶  1
5	<b>Calliope Hummingbird</b>	<i>Selasphorus calliope</i>	▶  3  3
60	<b>Rufous Hummingbird</b>	<i>Selasphorus rufus</i>	▶  10
26	<b>Broad-tailed Hummingbird</b>	<i>Selasphorus platycercus</i>	▶  6
95	<b>Broad-billed Hummingbird</b>	<i>Cynanthus latirostris</i>	▶  2  15
1	<b>White-eared Hummingbird</b>	<i>Basilinna leucotis</i>	▶  2  1
3	<b>Violet-crowned Hummingbird</b>	<i>Ramosomyia violiceps</i>	▶  1  3
2	<b>Berylline Hummingbird</b>	<i>Saucerottia beryllina</i>	▶  2  2
4	<b>American Coot</b>	<i>Fulica americana</i>	▶  1
30	<b>Black-necked Stilt</b>	<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>	▶  1
200	<b>American Avocet</b>	<i>Recurvirostra americana</i>	▶  1
10	<b>Killdeer</b>	<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>	▶  2
2	<b>Long-billed Dowitcher</b>	<i>Limnodromus scolopaceus</i>	▶  1
150	<b>Wilson's Phalarope</b>	<i>Phalaropus tricolor</i>	▶  1
3	<b>Spotted Sandpiper</b>	<i>Actitis macularius</i>	▶  1
2	<b>Lesser Yellowlegs</b>	<i>Tringa flavipes</i>	▶  1
1	<b>Greater Yellowlegs</b>	<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>	▶  1
2	<b>Stilt Sandpiper</b>	<i>Calidris himantopus</i>	▶  1
40	<b>Baird's Sandpiper</b>	<i>Calidris bairdii</i>	▶  1









6	<b>Least Sandpiper</b>	<i>Calidris minutilla</i>	▶  1
2	<b>Western Sandpiper</b>	<i>Calidris mauri</i>	▶  1
2	<b>Pied-billed Grebe</b>	<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>	▶  1
2	<b>Double-crested Cormorant</b>	<i>Nannopterum auritum</i>	▶  1  2
2	<b>Neotropic Cormorant</b>	<i>Nannopterum brasilianum</i>	▶  2
1	<b>White-faced Ibis</b>	<i>Plegadis chihi</i>	▶  1
1	<b>Western Cattle-Egret</b>	<i>Ardea ibis</i>	▶  1
1	<b>Great Blue Heron</b>	<i>Ardea herodias</i>	▶  1
5	<b>Black Vulture</b>	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	▶  2
73	<b>Turkey Vulture</b>	<i>Cathartes aura</i>	▶  19
3	<b>Golden Eagle</b>	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>	▶  3
3	<b>Cooper's Hawk</b>	<i>Astur cooperii</i>	▶  3
8	<b>Mississippi Kite</b>	<i>Ictinia mississippiensis</i>	▶  4  2
1	<b>Harris's Hawk</b>	<i>Parabuteo unicinctus</i>	▶  1
7	<b>Gray Hawk</b>	<i>Buteo plagiatus</i>	▶  4
2	<b>Zone-tailed Hawk</b>	<i>Buteo albonotatus</i>	▶  2
10	<b>Swainson's Hawk</b>	<i>Buteo swainsoni</i>	▶  8
12	<b>Red-tailed Hawk</b>	<i>Buteo jamaicensis</i>	▶  8
3	<b>Whiskered Screech-Owl</b>	<i>Megascops trichopsis</i>	▶  1
1	<b>Western Screech-Owl</b>	<i>Megascops kennicottii</i>	▶  1  1
2	<b>Elf Owl</b>	<i>Micrathene whitneyi</i>	▶  2
2	<b>Spotted Owl</b>	<i>Strix occidentalis</i> Sensitive	▶  4  1
2	<b>Elegant Trogon</b>	<i>Trogon elegans</i>	▶  2

64	<b>Acorn Woodpecker</b>	<i>Melanerpes formicivorus</i>	▶  1  14
16	<b>Gila Woodpecker</b>	<i>Melanerpes uropygialis</i>	▶  8
4	<b>Ladder-backed Woodpecker</b>	<i>Dryobates scalaris</i>	▶  4
1	<b>Hairy Woodpecker</b>	<i>Dryobates villosus</i>	▶  1
7	<b>Arizona Woodpecker</b>	<i>Dryobates arizonae</i>	▶  6
10	<b>Northern Flicker</b>	<i>Colaptes auratus</i>	▶  7
1	<b>Gilded Flicker</b>	<i>Colaptes chrysoides</i>	▶  1
1	<b>American Kestrel</b>	<i>Falco sparverius</i>	▶  1
3	<b>Peregrine Falcon</b>	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	▶  3
2	<b>Rose-throated Becard</b>	<i>Pachyramphus aglaiae</i>	▶  1  1
7	<b>Greater Pewee</b>	<i>Contopus pertinax</i>	▶  2
26	<b>Western Wood-Pewee</b>	<i>Contopus sordidulus</i>	▶  1  12
5	<b>Western Flycatcher</b>	<i>Empidonax difficilis</i>	▶  1  5
5	<b>Buff-breasted Flycatcher</b>	<i>Empidonax fulvifrons</i>	▶  4  1
1	<b>Black Phoebe</b>	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>	▶  1
2	<b>Say's Phoebe</b>	<i>Sayornis saya</i>	▶  1
5	<b>Vermilion Flycatcher</b>	<i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i>	▶  5
9	<b>Dusky-capped Flycatcher</b>	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>	▶  5
4	<b>Ash-throated Flycatcher</b>	<i>Myiarchus cinerascens</i>	▶  4
18	<b>Brown-crested Flycatcher</b>	<i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i>	▶  8
8	<b>Sulphur-bellied Flycatcher</b>	<i>Myiodynastes luteiventris</i>	▶  1  3
1	<b>Tropical Kingbird</b>	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>	▶  1
18	<b>Cassin's Kingbird</b>	<i>Tyrannus vociferans</i>	▶  8

7	<b>Thick-billed Kingbird</b>	<i>Tyrannus crassirostris</i>	▶  4
13	<b>Western Kingbird</b>	<i>Tyrannus verticalis</i>	▶  7
14	<b>Bell's Vireo</b>	<i>Vireo bellii</i>	▶   7
4	<b>Hutton's Vireo</b>	<i>Vireo huttoni</i>	▶  3
6	<b>Plumbeous Vireo</b>	<i>Vireo plumbeus</i>	▶   4
3	<b>Warbling Vireo</b>	<i>Vireo gilvus</i>	▶  2
7	<b>Steller's Jay</b>	<i>Cyanocitta stelleri</i>	▶   2
4	<b>Woodhouse's Scrub-Jay</b>	<i>Aphelocoma woodhouseii</i>	▶  2
51	<b>Mexican Jay</b>	<i>Aphelocoma wollweberi</i>	▶   9
12	<b>Chihuahuan Raven</b>	<i>Corvus cryptoleucus</i>	▶  3
15	<b>Common Raven</b>	<i>Corvus corax</i>	▶  8
3	<b>Mexican Chickadee</b>	<i>Poecile sclateri</i>	▶  2
17	<b>Bridled Titmouse</b>	<i>Baeolophus wollweberi</i>	▶  6
1	<b>Juniper Titmouse</b>	<i>Baeolophus ridgwayi</i>	▶  1
9	<b>Verdin</b>	<i>Auriparus flaviceps</i>	▶  6
2	<b>Horned Lark</b>	<i>Eremophila alpestris</i>	▶  2
114	<b>Tree Swallow</b>	<i>Tachycineta bicolor</i>	▶  4
2	<b>Violet-green Swallow</b>	<i>Tachycineta thalassina</i>	▶  1
4	<b>Purple Martin</b>	<i>Progne subis</i>	▶  2
13	<b>Barn Swallow</b>	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	▶  8
14	<b>Cliff Swallow</b>	<i>Petrochelidon pyrrhonota</i>	▶  4
1	<b>Bushtit</b>	<i>Psaltiriparus minimus</i>	▶  1
14	<b>White-breasted Nuthatch</b>	<i>Sitta carolinensis</i>	▶  11




6	<b>Pygmy Nuthatch</b>	<i>Sitta pygmaea</i>	▶  2
3	<b>Brown Creeper</b>	<i>Certhia americana</i>	▶  2
2	<b>Blue-gray Gnatcatcher</b>	<i>Poliophtila caerulea</i>	▶  2
2	<b>Black-tailed Gnatcatcher</b>	<i>Poliophtila melanura</i>	▶  1  2
3	<b>Rock Wren</b>	<i>Salpinctes obsoletus</i>	▶  1
4	<b>Canyon Wren</b>	<i>Catherpes mexicanus</i>	▶  4
7	<b>Northern House Wren</b>	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>	▶  4
4	<b>Bewick's Wren</b>	<i>Thryomanes bewickii</i>	▶  4
7	<b>Cactus Wren</b>	<i>Campylorhynchus brunneicapillus</i>	▶  4
9	<b>European Starling</b>	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i> *	▶  1
5	<b>Curve-billed Thrasher</b>	<i>Toxostoma curvirostre</i>	▶  4
2	<b>Crissal Thrasher</b>	<i>Toxostoma crissale</i>	▶  2
3	<b>Northern Mockingbird</b>	<i>Mimus polyglottos</i>	▶  2
1	<b>Eastern Bluebird</b>	<i>Sialia sialis</i>	▶  1
3	<b>Western Bluebird</b>	<i>Sialia mexicana</i>	▶  1
15	<b>American Robin</b>	<i>Turdus migratorius</i>	▶  9
12	<b>Phainopepla</b>	<i>Phainopepla nitens</i>	▶  3
3	<b>Olive Warbler</b>	<i>Peucedramus taeniatus</i>	▶  1
7	<b>House Sparrow</b>	<i>Passer domesticus</i> *	▶  4
39	<b>House Finch</b>	<i>Haemorhous mexicanus</i>	▶  11
1	<b>Pine Siskin</b>	<i>Spinus pinus</i>	▶  1
112	<b>Lesser Goldfinch</b>	<i>Spinus psaltria</i>	▶  21
2	<b>Rufous-winged Sparrow</b>	<i>Peucaea carpalis</i>	▶  1  2



2	<b>Botteri's Sparrow</b>	<i>Peucaea botterii</i>	▶  1
2	<b>Five-striped Sparrow</b>	<i>Amphispizopsis quinquestriata</i>	▶  1  1
10	<b>Black-throated Sparrow</b>	<i>Amphispiza bilineata</i>	▶  5
19	<b>Lark Sparrow</b>	<i>Chondestes grammacus</i>	▶  6
13	<b>Yellow-eyed Junco</b>	<i>Junco phaeonotus</i>	▶  1  4
4	<b>Song Sparrow</b>	<i>Melospiza melodia</i>	▶  2
8	<b>Canyon Towhee</b>	<i>Melospiza fusca</i>	▶  6
8	<b>Abert's Towhee</b>	<i>Melospiza aberti</i>	▶  4
4	<b>Rufous-crowned Sparrow</b>	<i>Aimophila ruficeps</i>	▶  2
14	<b>Spotted Towhee</b>	<i>Pipilo maculatus</i>	▶  6
12	<b>Yellow-breasted Chat</b>	<i>Icteria virens</i>	▶  3
3	<b>Chihuahuan Meadowlark</b>	<i>Sturnella lilianae</i>	▶  2
3	<b>Hooded Oriole</b>	<i>Icterus cucullatus</i>	▶  2
3	<b>Bullock's Oriole</b>	<i>Icterus bullockii</i>	▶  3
2	<b>Scott's Oriole</b>	<i>Icterus parisorum</i>	▶  2
2	<b>Red-winged Blackbird</b>	<i>Agelaius phoeniceus</i>	▶  1
11	<b>Brown-headed Cowbird</b>	<i>Molothrus ater</i>	▶  4
4	<b>Great-tailed Grackle</b>	<i>Quiscalus mexicanus</i>	▶  4
3	<b>Lucy's Warbler</b>	<i>Leiothlypis luciae</i>	▶  3
2	<b>Common Yellowthroat</b>	<i>Geothlypis trichas</i>	▶  1
5	<b>Yellow Warbler</b>	<i>Setophaga petechia</i>	▶  4
7	<b>Grace's Warbler</b>	<i>Setophaga graciae</i>	▶  3
6	<b>Black-throated Gray Warbler</b>	<i>Setophaga nigrescens</i>	▶  4

- 2 **Red-faced Warbler** *Cardellina rubrifrons* ▶  1
- 6 **Painted Redstart** *Myioborus pictus* ▶  5
- 8 **Hepatic Tanager** *Piranga flava* ▶  4
- 4 **Summer Tanager** *Piranga rubra* ▶  4
- 11 **Western Tanager** *Piranga ludoviciana* ▶  9
- 2 **Flame-colored Tanager** *Piranga bidentata* ▶  3  1
- 3 **Northern Cardinal** *Cardinalis cardinalis* ▶  3
- 7 **Pyrrhuloxia** *Cardinalis sinuatus* ▶  5
- 13 **Black-headed Grosbeak** *Pheucticus melanocephalus* ▶  7
- 24 **Blue Grosbeak** *Passerina caerulea* ▶  9
- 16 **Lazuli Bunting** *Passerina amoena* ▶  2
- 3 **Varied Bunting** *Passerina versicolor* ▶  1  1

#### ADDITIONAL TAXA

- 8 Mallard/Mexican Duck *Anas platyrhynchos/diazi* ▶  1
- 1 hawk sp. *Accipitridae sp. (hawk sp.)* ▶  1
- 1 Northern/Gilded Flicker *Colaptes auratus/chrysoides* ▶  1